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## Basic CLI Commands

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### Global Commands

#### enable-admin

**Syntax**    **enable-admin**

**Context**    <global>

**Description**    **NOTE:** See the description for the **admin-password** command. If the **admin-password** is configured in the **config>system>security>password** context, then any user can enter a special administrative mode by entering the **enable-admin** command.

**enable-admin** is in the default profile. By default, all users are given access to this command.

Once the **enable-admin** command is entered, the user is prompted for a password. If the password matches, the user is given unrestricted access to all the commands.

The minimum length of the password is determined by the **minimum-length** command. The complexity requirements for the password is determined by the **complexity** command.

The following displays a password configuration example:

```
A:ALA-1>config>system>security# info
-----
...
      password
      aging 365
      minimum-length 8
      attempts 5 time 5 lockout 20
      admin-password "rUYUz9XM06I" hash
      exit
...
-----
A:ALA-1>config>system>security#
```

## Global Commands

There are two ways to verify that a user is in the enable-admin mode:

- `show users` – Administrator can know which users are in this mode.
- Enter the `enable-admin` command again at the root prompt and an error message will be returned.

```
A:ALA-1# show users
=====
User Type From Login time Idle time
=====
admin Console -- 10AUG2006 13:55:24 0d 19:42:22
admin Telnet 10.20.30.93 09AUG2004 08:35:23 0d 00:00:00 A
=====
Number of users : 2
'A' indicates user is in admin mode
=====
A:ALA-1#
A:ALA-1# enable-admin
MINOR: CLI Already in admin mode.
A:ALA-1#
```

## back

**Syntax** `back`

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command moves the context back one level of the command hierarchy. For example, if the current level is the `config router ospf` context, the `back` command moves the cursor to the `config router` context level.

## clear

**Syntax** `clear`

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command clears statistics for a specified entity or clears and resets the entity.

**Parameters**

- `card` — Reinitializes a I/O module in the specified slot.
- `cflowd` — Clears cflowd.
- `cpm-filter` — Clears IP filter entry IDs.
- `cron` — Clears CRON history.
- `filter` — Clears IP, MAC, and log filter counters.
- `lag` — Clears LAG-related entities.
- `log` — Closes and reinitializes the log specified by log-id.
- `mda` — Reinitializes the specified MDA in a particular slot.
- `port` — Clears port statistics.

**qos** — Clears QoS statistics.

**radius** — Clears the RADIUS server state.

**router** — Clears router commands affecting the router instance in which they are entered.

**Values** arp, authentication, bgp, bfd, dhcp, dhcp6, forwarding-table, icmp-redirect-route, icmp6, igmp, interface, isis, ldp, mpls, neighbor, ospf, ospf3, pim, rip, router-advertisement, rsvp

**saa** — Clears the SAA test results.

**screen** — Clears the console or telnet screen.

**service** — Clears service ID and statistical entities.

**subscriber-mgmt** — Clears subscriber management data.

**system** — Clears (re-enables) a previously failed reference.

**tacplus** — Clears the TACACS+ server state.

**trace** — Clears the trace log.

**vrrp** — Clears and resets the VRRP interface and statistical entities.

## echo

**Syntax** **echo** [*text-to-echo*] [*extra-text-to-echo*] [*more-text*]

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command echoes arguments on the command line. The primary use of this command is to allow messages to be displayed to the screen in files executed with the **exec** command.

**Parameters** *text-to-echo* — Specifies a text string to be echoed up to 256 characters.

*extra-text-to-echo* — Specifies more text to be echoed up to 256 characters.

*more-text* — Specifies more text to be echoed up to 256 characters.

## exec

**Syntax** **exec** [-**echo**] [-**syntax**] {*filename* | <<[*eof\_string*]}

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command executes the contents of a text file as if they were CLI commands entered at the console. Exec commands do not have **no** versions.

**Parameters** **-echo** — Echo the contents of the **exec** file to the session screen as it executes.

**Default** Echo disabled.

**-syntax** — Perform a syntax check of the file without executing the commands. Syntax checking will be able to find invalid commands and keywords, but it will not be able to validate erroneous user-supplied parameters.

**Default** Execute file commands.

*filename* — The text file with CLI commands to execute.

<< — Stdin can be used as the source of commands for the exec command. When stdin is used as the exec command input, the command list is terminated with <Ctrl-C>, “EOF<Return>” or “*eof\_string*<Return>”.

If an error occurs entering an exec file sourced from stdin, all commands after the command returning the error will be silently ignored. The exec command will indicate the command error line number when the stdin input is terminated with an end-of-file input.

*eof\_string* — The ASCII printable string used to indicate the end of the exec file when stdin is used as the exec file source. <Ctrl-C> and “EOF” can always be used to terminate an exec file sourced from stdin.

**Default** <Ctrl-C>, EOF

### Related Commands

**boot-bad-exec command on page 351** — Use this command to configure a URL for a CLI script to exec following a failed configuration boot.

**boot-good-exec command on page 351** — Use this command to configure a URL for a CLI script to exec following a successful configuration boot.

## exit

**Syntax** `exit [all]`

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command returns to the context from which the current level was entered. For example, if you navigated to the current level on a context by context basis, then the **exit** command only moves the cursor back one level.

```
A:ALA-1# configure
A:ALA-1>config# router
A:ALA-1>config>router# ospf
A:ALA-1>config>router>ospf# exit
A:ALA-1>config>router# exit
A:ALA-1>config# exit
```

If you navigated to the current level by entering a command string, then the **exit** command returns the cursor to the context in which the command was initially entered.

```
A:ALA-1# configure router ospf
A:ALA-1>config>router>ospf# exit
A:ALA-1#
```

The **exit all** command moves the cursor all the way back to the root level.

```
A:ALA-1# configure
A:ALA-1>config# router
A:ALA-1>config>router# ospf
A:ALA-1>config>router>ospf# exit all
A:ALA-1#
```

**Parameters** **all** — Exits back to the root CLI context.

## help

**Syntax**    **help**  
**help edit**  
**help global**  
**help special-characters**  
 <GLOBAL>

**Description**    This command provides a brief description of the help system. The following information displays:

Help may be requested at any point by hitting a question mark '?'.  
 In case of an executable node, the syntax for that node will be displayed with an explanation of all parameters.  
 In case of sub-commands, a brief description is provided.  
 Global Commands:  
     Help on global commands can be observed by issuing "help globals" at any time.  
 Editing Commands:  
     Help on editing commands can be observed by issuing "help edit" at any time.

**Parameters**    **help** — Displays a brief description of the help system.

**help edit** — Displays help on editing.

Available editing keystrokes:

```
Delete current character.....Ctrl-d
Delete text up to cursor.....Ctrl-u
Delete text after cursor.....Ctrl-k
Move to beginning of line.....Ctrl-a
Move to end of line.....Ctrl-e
Get prior command from history.....Ctrl-p
Get next command from history.....Ctrl-n
Move cursor left.....Ctrl-b
Move cursor right.....Ctrl-f
Move back one word.....Esc-b
Move forward one word.....Esc-f
Convert rest of word to uppercase.....Esc-c
Convert rest of word to lowercase.....Esc-l
Delete remainder of word.....Esc-d
Delete word up to cursor.....Ctrl-w
Transpose current and previous character....Ctrl-t
Enter command and return to root prompt.....Ctrl-z
Refresh input line.....Ctrl-l
```

**help global** — Displays help on global commands.

Available global commands:

```
back            - Go back a level in the command tree
echo            - Echo the text that is typed in
exec            - Execute a file - use -echo to show the commands and
                 prompts on the screen
exit            - Exit to intermediate mode - use option all to exit to
                 root prompt
help            - Display help
history         - Show command history
info            - Display configuration for the present node
logout         - Log off this system
oam             + OAM Test Suite
ping            - Verify the reachability of a remote host
pwc             - Show the present working context
```

## Global Commands

```
sleep          - Sleep for specified number of seconds
ssh           - SSH to a host
telnet        - Telnet to a host
traceroute    - Determine the route to a destination address
tree          - Display command tree structure from the context of
               execution
write         - Write text to another user
```

**help special-characters** — Displays help on special characters.

Use the following CLI commands to display more information about commands and command syntax:

**?** — Lists all commands in the current context.

**string?** — Lists all commands available in the current context that start with the string.

**command ?** — Display command's syntax and associated keywords.

**string<Tab>** or **string<Space>** — Complete a partial command name (auto-completion) or list available commands that match the string.

## history

**Syntax** **history**

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command lists the last 30 commands entered in this session.

Re-execute a command in the history with the **!**n**** command, where **n** is the line number associated with the command in the history output.

For example:

```
A:ALA-1# history
 68 info
 69 exit
 70 info
 71 filter
 72 exit all
 73 configure
 74 router
 75 info
 76 interface "test"
 77 exit
 78 reduced-prompt
 79 info
 80 interface "test"
 81 icmp unreachable exit all
 82 exit all
 83 reduced-prompt
 84 configure router
 85 interface
 86 info
 87 interface "test"
 88 info
 89 reduced-prompt
 90 exit all
 91 configure
 92 card 1
```

```

93 card-type
94 exit
95 router
96 exit
97 history
A:ALA-1# !91
A:ALA-1# configure
A:ALA-1>config#

```

## info

**Syntax** `info [detail]`

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command displays the running configuration for the configuration context.

The output of this command is similar to the output of a **show config** command. This command, however, lists the configuration of the context where it is entered and all branches below that context level.

By default, the command only enters the configuration parameters that vary from the default values. The **detail** keyword causes all configuration parameters to be displayed.

For example,

```

A:ALA-48>config>router>mpls# info
-----
admin-group "green" 15
admin-group "red" 25
admin-group "yellow" 20
interface "system"
exit
interface "to-104"
    admin-group "green"
    admin-group "red"
    admin-group "yellow"
    label-map 35
        swap 36 nexthop 10.10.10.91
        no shutdown
    exit
exit
path "secondary-path"
    hop 1 10.10.0.111 strict
    hop 2 10.10.0.222 strict
    hop 3 10.10.0.123 strict
    no shutdown
exit
path "to-NYC"
    hop 1 10.10.10.104 strict
    hop 2 10.10.0.210 strict
    no shutdown
exit
path "to-104"
    no shutdown
exit
lsp "to-104"
    to 10.10.10.104
    from 10.10.10.103
    rsvp-resv-style ff

```

```

cspf
...
-----
A:ALA-48>config>router>mpls#
A:ALA-48>config>router>mpls# info detail
-----
frr-object
no resignal-timer
admin-group "green" 15
admin-group "red" 25
admin-group "yellow" 20
interface "system"
    no admin-group
    no shutdown
exit
interface "to-104"
    admin-group "green"
    admin-group "red"
    admin-group "yellow"
    label-map 35
        swap 36 nexthop 10.10.10.91
    no shutdown
    exit
    no shutdown
exit
path "secondary-path"
    hop 1 10.10.0.111 strict
    hop 2 10.10.0.222 strict
    hop 3 10.10.0.123 strict
    no shutdown
exit
path "to-NYC"
    hop 1 10.10.10.104 strict
    hop 2 10.10.0.210 strict
    no shutdown
exit
path "to-104"
    no shutdown
exit
lsp "to-104"
to 10.10.10.104
from 10.10.10.103
rsvp-resv-style ff
adaptive
cspf
include "red"
exclude "green"
adspec
fast-reroute one-to-one
    no bandwidth
    no hop-limit
    node-protect
exit
hop-limit 10
retry-limit 0
retry-timer 30
secondary "secondary-path"
    no standby
    no hop-limit
    adaptive
    no include

```



```

        no exclude
        record
        record-label
        bandwidth 50000
        no shutdown
    exit
    primary "to-NYC"
        hop-limit 50
        adaptive
        no include
        no exclude
        record
        record-label
        no bandwidth
        no shutdown
    exit
    no shutdown
exit
...
-----
A:ALA-48>config>router>mpls#

```

**Parameters** **detail** — Displays all configuration parameters including parameters at their default values.

## logout

**Syntax** **logout**

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command logs out of the router session.

When the **logout** command is issued from the console, the login prompt is displayed, and any log IDs directed to the console are discarded. When the console session resumes (regardless of the user), the log output to the console resumes.

When a Telnet session is terminated from a **logout** command, all log IDs directed to the session are removed. When a user logs back in, the log IDs must be re-created.

## mrinfo

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>mrinfo</b> [ <i>ip-address</i>   <i>dns-name</i> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ]
<b>Context</b>	<GLOBAL>
<b>Description</b>	This command is used to print relevant multicast information from the target multicast router. Information displayed includes adjacency information, protocol, metrics, thresholds, and flags from the target multicast route
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><i>ip-address</i> — Specify the ip-address of the multicast capable target router.</p> <p><i>dns-name</i> — Specify the DNS name (if DNS name resolution is configured).</p> <p><b>Values</b> 63 characters maximum</p> <p><b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> — Specify the router name or service ID.</p> <p><b>Values</b> <i>router-name:</i> Base, management <i>service-id:</i> 1 — 2147483647</p> <p><b>Default</b> Base</p>

## mstat

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>mstat source</b> [ <i>ip-address</i>   <i>dns-name</i> ] [ <b>group</b> <i>grp-ip-address</i> ] [ <b>destination</b> <i>dst-ip-address</i> ] [ <b>hop</b> <i>hop</i> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ] [ <b>wait-time</b> <i>wait-time</i> ]
<b>Context</b>	<GLOBAL>
<b>Description</b>	This command traces a multicast path from a source to a receiver and displays multicast packet rate and loss information.
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> — Specify the IP address of the multicast-capable source.</p> <p><i>ip-address</i> — Specify the ip-address of the multicast capable target router.</p> <p><i>dns-name</i> — Specify the DNS name (if DNS name resolution is configured).</p> <p><b>Values</b> 63 characters maximum</p> <p><b>group</b> <i>group-ip-address</i> — Specify the multicast address of the group to be displayed.</p> <p><b>destination</b> <i>dst-ip-address</i> — Specify the unicast destination address.</p> <p><b>hop count</b> — Specify the maximum number of hops that will be traced from the receiver back toward the source.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 — 255</p> <p><b>Default</b> 32 hops (infinity for the DVMRP routing protocol).</p> <p><b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> — Specify the router name or service ID.</p> <p><b>Values</b> <i>router-name:</i> Base, management <i>service-id:</i> 1 — 2147483647</p>

**Default** Base

**wait-time** *wait-time* — Specify the number of seconds to wait for the response.

**Values** 1 — 60

## mtrace

**Syntax** **mtrace source** [*ip-address* | *dns-name*] [**group** *grp-ip-address*] [**destination** *dst-ip-address*] [**hop** *hop*] [**router** *router-instance*] [**wait-time** *wait-time*]

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command traces a multicast path from a source to a receiver.

**Parameters** *ip-address* — Specify the ip-address of the multicast capable target router.  
*dns-name* — Specify the DNS name (if DNS name resolution is configured).

**Values** 63 characters maximum

**group** *group-ip-address* — Specify the multicast address or DNS name of the group that resolves to the multicast group address that will be used. If the group is not specified, address 224.2.0.1 (the Mbone audio) will be used. This will suffice if packet loss statistics for a particular multicast group are not needed.

**destination** *dst-p-address* — Specify either the IP address or the DNS name of the unicast destination. If this parameter is omitted the IP address of the system where the command is entered will be used. The receiver parameter can also be used to specify a local interface address as the destination address for sending the trace query. The response will also be returned to the address specified as the receiver.

**hop** *hop* — Specify the maximum number of hops that will be traced from the receiver back toward the source.

**Values** 1 — 255

**Default** 32 hops (infinity for the DVMRP routing protocol).

*router-instance* — Specify the router name or service ID.

**Values** *router-name:* Base, management  
*service-id:* 1 — 2147483647

**Default** Base

**wait-time** *wait-time* — Specify the number of seconds to wait for the response.

**Values** 1 — 60

## password

**Syntax** **password**

**Context** <ROOT>

**Description** This command changes a user CLI login password.

When a user logs in after the administrator forces a **new-password-at-login**, or the password has expired (**aging**), then this command is automatically invoked.

When invoked, the user is prompted to enter the old password, the new password, and then the new password again to verify the correct input.

If a user fails to create a new password after the administrator forces a **new-password-at-login** or after the password has expired, the user is not allowed access to the CLI.

A user cannot configure a non-conformant password for themselves using the global password command. A password value that does not conform to the minimum-length or other password complexity rules can be configured using the **config>system>security>user>password** command (for example, by an administrator), but a warning is provided in the CLI. This allows, for example, an administrator to configure a nonconformant password for a user.

## ping

**Syntax** **ping** [*ip-address* | *ipv6-address* | *dns-name*] [**rapid** | **detail**] [**ttl** *time-to-live*] [**tos** *type-of-service*] [**size** *bytes*] [**pattern** *pattern*] [**source** *ip-address*] [**interval** *seconds*] [{**next-hop** *ip-address*} | {**interface** *interface-name*} | **bypass-routing**] [**count** *requests*] [**do-not-fragment**] [**router** [*router-instance*]] [**timeout** *timeout*]

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command is the TCP/IP utility to verify IP reachability.

**Parameters** *ip-address* | *dns-name* — The remote host to ping. The IP address or the DNS name (if DNS name resolution is configured) can be specified.

*ipv6-address* — The IPv6 IP address.

**Values** x:x:x:x:x:x:x:x (eight 16-bit pieces)  
x:x:x:x:x:d.d.d.d  
x: 0 — FFFF H  
d: 0 — 255 D

**rapid** | **detail** — The **rapid** parameter specifies to send ping requests rapidly. The results are reported in a single message, not in individual messages for each ping request. By default, five ping requests are sent before the results are reported. To change the number of requests, include the **count** option.

The **detail** parameter includes in the output the interface on which the ping reply was received.

Example output:

```
A:ALA-1# ping 192.168.xx.xx4 detail
PING 192.168.xx.xx4: 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.168.xx.xx4 via fei0: icmp_seq=0 ttl=64 time=0.000 ms.
64 bytes from 192.168.xx.xx4 via fei0: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.000 ms.
64 bytes from 192.168.xx.xx4 via fei0: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.000 ms.
64 bytes from 192.168.xx.xx4 via fei0: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.000 ms.
64 bytes from 192.168.xx.xx4 via fei0: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.000 ms.

---- 192.168.xx.xx4 PING Statistics ----
5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0.00% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max/stddev = 0.000/0.000/0.000/0.000 ms
A:ALA-1#
```

- tll** *time-to-live* — The IP Time To Live (TTL) value to include in the ping request, expressed as a decimal integer.
- Values** 0 — 128
- tos** *type-of-service* — The type-of-service (TOS) bits in the IP header of the ping packets, expressed as a decimal integer.
- Values** 0 — 255
- size** *bytes* — The size in bytes of the ping request packets.
- Default** 56 bytes (actually 64 bytes because 8 bytes of ICMP header data are added to the packet)
- Values** 0 — 65507
- pattern** *pattern* — A 16-bit pattern string to include in the ping packet, expressed as a decimal integer.
- Values** 0 — 65535
- source** *ip-address* — The source IP address to use in the ping requests in dotted decimal notation.
- Default** The IP address of the egress IP interface.
- Values** 0.0.0.0 — 255.255.255.255
- interval** *seconds* — The interval in seconds between consecutive ping requests, expressed as a decimal integer.
- Default** 1
- Values** 1 — 10000
- next-hop** *ip-address* — This option disregards the routing table and will send this packet to the specified next hop address. This address must be on an adjacent router that is attached to a subnet that is common between this and the next-hop router.
- Default** Per the routing table.
- Values** A valid IP next hop IP address.
- interface** *interface-name* — Specify the interface name.
- bypass-routing** — Send the ping request to a host on a directly attached network bypassing the routing table. The host must be on a directly attached network or an error is returned.
- count** *requests* — The number of ping requests to send to the remote host, expressed as a decimal integer.
- Default** 5
- Values** 1 — 10000
- do-not-fragment** — Specifies that the request frame should not be fragmented. This option is particularly useful in combination with the size parameter for maximum MTU determination.
- router** *router-instance* — Specify the router name or service ID.
- Default** Base
- Values** *router-name:* Base, management  
*service-id:* 1 — 2147483647
- timeout** *timeout* — Specify the timeout in seconds.

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**Default** 5  
**Values** 1 — 10

### pwc

**Syntax** **pwc [previous]**

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command displays the present or previous working context of the CLI session. The **pwc** command provides a user who is in the process of dynamically configuring a chassis a way to display the current or previous working context of the CLI session. The **pwc** command displays a list of the CLI nodes that hierarchically define the current context of the CLI instance of the user.

For example,

```
A:ALA-1>config>router>bgp>group# pwc
-----
Present Working Context :
-----
<root>
  configure
  router Base
  bgp
  group test
  ospf
  area 1
-----
A:ALA-1>config>router>bgp>group#
```

For example,

When the **previous** keyword is specified, the previous context displays. This is the context entered by the CLI parser upon execution of the **exit** command. The current context of the CLI is not affected by the **pwc** command.

For example,

```
A:ALA-1>config>router>bgp>group# pwc previous
-----
Previous Working Context :
-----
<root>
  configure
  router Base
  bgp
  ospf
-----
A:ALA-1>config>router>bgp>group#
```

**Parameters** **previous** — Specifies to display the previous present working context.

### sleep

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>sleep</b> [ <i>seconds</i> ]
<b>Context</b>	<GLOBAL>
<b>Description</b>	This command causes the console session to pause operation (sleep) for 1 second (default) or for the specified number of seconds.
<b>Parameters</b>	<i>seconds</i> — The number of seconds for the console session to sleep, expressed as a decimal integer.
	<b>Default</b> 1
	<b>Values</b> 1 — 100

## ssh

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>ssh</b> [ <i>ip-addr</i>   <i>dns-name</i>   <i>username@ip-addr</i> ] [- <i>I</i> <i>username</i> ] [- <i>v</i> <i>SSH-version</i> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ] <b>service-name</b> <i>service-name</i> ]
<b>Context</b>	<GLOBAL>
<b>Description</b>	This command initiates a client SSH session with the remote host and is independent from the administrative or operational state of the SSH server. However, to be the target of an SSH session, the SSH server must be operational.  Quitting SSH while in the process of authentication is accomplished by either executing a ctrl-c or "~." (tilde and dot) assuming the "~" is the default escape character for SSH session.
<b>Parameters</b>	<i>ip-address</i>   <i>host-name</i> — The remote host to which to open an SSH session. The IP address or the DNS name (providing DNS name resolution is configured) can be specified.  - <i>I</i> <i>user</i> — The user name to use when opening the SSH session.  <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> — Specify the router name or service ID.
	<b>Values</b> <i>router-name:</i> Base, management <i>service-id:</i> 1 — 2147483647
	<b>Default</b> Base

## telnet

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>telnet</b> [ <i>ip-address</i>   <i>dns-name</i> ] [ <i>port</i> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ]
<b>Context</b>	<GLOBAL>
<b>Description</b>	This command opens a Telnet session to a remote host. Telnet servers in 7750 SRnetworks limit a Telnet clients to three retries to login. The Telnet server disconnects the Telnet client session after three retries. The number of retry attempts for a Telnet client session is not user-configurable.

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**Parameters** *ip-address* — The IP address or the DNS name (providing DNS name resolution is configured) can be specified.

**Values**

ipv4-address	a.b.c.d
ipv6-address	x:x:x:x:x:x:x[-interface] x:x:x:x:x:d.d.d.d[-interface] x: [0 — FFFF]H d: [0 — 255]Dipv6-address

**dns-name** — Specify the DNS name (if DNS name resolution is configured).

**Values** 128 characters maximum

*port* — The TCP port number to use to Telnet to the remote host, expressed as a decimal integer.

**Default** 23

**Values** 1 — 65535

**router** *router-instance* — Specify the router name or service ID.

**Values**

<i>router-name:</i>	Base, management
<i>service-id:</i>	1 — 2147483647

**Default** Base

## traceroute

**Syntax** **traceroute** {*ip-address* | *dns-name*} [**tll** *tll*] [**wait** *milliseconds*] [**no-dns**] [**source** *ip-address*] [**tos** *type-of-service*] [**router** *router-instance*]

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** The TCP/IP traceroute utility determines the route to a destination address. Note that aborting a traceroute with the <Ctrl-C> command could require issuing a second <Ctrl-C> command before the prompt is returned.

```
A:ALA-1# traceroute 192.168.xx.xx4
traceroute to 192.168.xx.xx4, 30 hops max, 40 byte packets
 1 192.168.xx.xx4 0.000 ms 0.000 ms 0.000 ms
A:ALA-1#
```

**Parameters** *ip-address* | *dns-name* — The remote address to traceroute. The IP address or the DNS name (if DNS name resolution is configured) can be specified.

**Values**

ipv4-address	a.b.c.d
ipv6-address	x:x:x:x:x:x:x[-interface] x:x:x:x:x:d.d.d.d[-interface] x: [0 — FFFF]H d: [0 — 255]Dipv6-address
dns-name	128 characters maximum

**tll** *tll* — The maximum Time-To-Live (TTL) value to include in the traceroute request, expressed as a decimal integer.

**Values** 1 — 255



**wait** *milliseconds* — The time in milliseconds to wait for a response to a probe, expressed as a decimal integer.

**Default** 5000

**Values** 1 — 60000

**no-dns** — When the **no-dns** keyword is specified, a DNS lookup for the specified host name will not be performed.

**Default** DNS lookups are performed

**source** *ip-address* — The source IP address to use as the source of the probe packets in dotted decimal notation. If the IP address is not one of the device's interfaces, an error is returned.

**tos** *type-of-service* — The type-of-service (TOS) bits in the IP header of the probe packets, expressed as a decimal integer.

**Values** 0 — 255

**router** *router-instance* — Specifies the router name or service ID.

**Values** *router-name:* Base, management  
*service-id:* 1 — 2147483647

**Default** Base

## tree

**Syntax** **tree** [**detail**]

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command displays the command hierarchy structure from the present working context.

**Parameters** **detail** — Includes parameter information for each command displayed in the tree output.

## write

**Syntax** **write** {*user* | **broadcast**} *message-string*

**Context** <GLOBAL>

**Description** This command sends a console message to a specific user or to all users with active console sessions.

**Parameters** *user* — The name of a user with an active console session to which to send a console message.

**Values** Any valid CLI username

**broadcast** — Specifies that the *message-string* is to be sent to all users logged into the router.

*message-string* — The message string to send. Allowed values are any string up to 250 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

---

## CLI Environment Commands

### alias

**Syntax** **alias** *alias-name* *alias-command-line*  
**no alias** *alias-name*

**Context** environment

**Description** This command enables the substitution of a command line by an alias. Use the **alias** command to create alternative or easier to remember/understand names for an entity or command string. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes. The special characters | and > can't be used inside environment alias strings. Additionally, the special characters / and \ cannot be used as the first character inside an alias string. Only a single command can be present in the command string. The **alias** command can be entered in any context but must be created in the **root>environment** context.

For example, to create an alias named **soi** to display OSPF interfaces, enter:

```
alias soi "show router ospf interface"
```

**Parameters** *alias-name* — The alias name. Do not use a valid command string for the alias. If the alias specified is an actual command, this causes the command to be replaced by the alias.

*alias-command-line* — The command line to be associated.

### create

**Syntax** [**no**] **create**

**Context** environment

**Description** By default, the **create** command is required to create a new OS entity.  
The **no** form of the command disables requiring the **create** keyword.

**Default** **create** — The create keyword is required.

### more

**Syntax** [**no**] **more**

**Context** environment

**Description** This command enables per-screen CLI output, meaning that the output is displayed on a screen-by-screen basis. The terminal screen length can be modified with the **terminal** command.  
The following prompt appears at the end of each screen of paginated output:

```
Press any key to continue (Q to quit)
```

The **no** form of the command displays the output all at once. If the output length is longer than one screen, the entire output will be displayed, which may scroll the screen.

**Default** **more** — CLI output pauses at the end of each screen waiting for the user input to continue.

## reduced-prompt

**Syntax** **reduced-prompt** [*number of nodes in prompt*]  
**no reduced-prompt**

**Context** environment

**Description** This command configures the maximum number of higher CLI context levels to display in the CLI prompt for the current CLI session. This command is useful when configuring features that are several node levels deep, causing the CLI prompt to become too long.

By default, the CLI prompt displays the system name and the complete context in the CLI.

The number of *nodes* specified indicates the number of higher-level contexts that can be displayed in the prompt. For example, if reduced prompt is set to 2, the two highest contexts from the present working context are displayed by name with the hidden (reduced) contexts compressed into an ellipsis (“...”).

```
A:ALA-1>environment# reduced-prompt 2
A:ALA-1>vonfig>router# interface to-103
A:ALA-1>...router>if#
```

Note that the setting is not saved in the configuration. It must be reset for each CLI session or stored in an **exec** script file.

The **no** form of the command reverts to the default.

**Default** **no reduced-prompt** — Displays all context nodes in the CLI prompt.

**Parameters** *number of nodes in prompt* — The maximum number of higher-level nodes displayed by name in the prompt, expressed as a decimal integer.

**Default** 2

**Values** 0 — 15

## saved-ind-prompt

**Syntax** [**no**] **saved-ind-prompt**

**Context** environment

**Description** This command enables saved indicator in the prompt. When changes are made to the configuration file a “\*” appears in the prompt string indicating that the changes have not been saved. When an admin save command is executed the “\*” disappears.

```
*A:ALA-48# admin save
Writing file to ftp://128.251.10.43/./sim48/sim48-config.cfg
Saving configuration .... Completed.
A:ALA-48#
```

## suggest-internal-objects

**Syntax** [no] suggest-internal-objects

**Context** environment

**Description** This command enables suggesting of internally created objects while auto completing. The **no** form of the command disables the command.

## terminal

**Syntax** terminal  
no terminal

**Context** environment

**Description** This command enables the context to configure the terminal screen length for the current CLI session.

## length

**Syntax** length *lines*

**Context** environment>terminal

**Description** This command sets the number of lines on a screen.

**Default** 24 — Terminal dimensions are set to 24 lines long by 80 characters wide.

**Parameters** *lines* — The number of lines for the terminal screen length, expressed as a decimal integer.  
**Values** 1 — 512

## width

**Syntax** width *width*

**Context** environment>terminal

**Description** This command determines display terminal width.

**Default** 80 — Terminal dimensions are set to 24 lines long by 80 characters wide.

**Parameters** *width* — Sets the width of the display terminal.  
**Values** 1 — 512

## time-display

**Syntax** `time-display {local | utc}`

**Context** environment

**Description** This command displays time stamps in the CLI session based on local time or Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

The system keeps time internally in UTC and is capable of displaying the time in either UTC or local time based on the time zone configured.

This configuration command is only valid for times displayed in the current CLI session. This includes displays of event logs, traps and all other places where a time stamp is displayed.

In general all time stamps are shown in the time selected. This includes log entries destined for console/session, memory, or SNMP logs. Log files on compact flash are maintained and displayed in UTC format.

**Default** `time-display local` — Displays time stamps based on the local time.

---

## Monitor CLI Commands

### card

**Syntax** `card slot-number fp fp-number ingress {access | network} queue-group queue-group-name instance instance-id [interval seconds ] [repeat repeat] policer policer-id [absolute | percent-rate | reference-rate]`

**Context** monitor

**Description** This command monitors policer statistics in an ingress FP queue group.

**Parameters** `card slot-number` — Specifies the slot number associated with the queue group, expressed as an integer.

**Values** 1 — 20

`fp fp-number` — Specifies the FP number associated with the queue group, expressed as an integer.

**Values** 1 — 2

`ingress` — Displays policer statistics applied on the ingress FP.

`access` — Displays policer statistics on the FP access.

`network` — Displays policer statistics on the FP network.

`queue-group queue-group-name` — Specifies the name of the queue group up to 32 characters in length.

`instance instance-id` — Specifies the identification of a specific instance of the queue-group.

**Values** 1— 65535

`interval interval` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

`policer policer-id` — The specified policer-id must exist within the queue-group template applied to the ingress context of the forwarding plane.

**Values** 1 — 8

`absolute` — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

`percent-rate` — When the percent-rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed based on the reference rate of 10G.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

*reference-rate* — When a reference-rate value is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed as a percentage based on the reference rate specified.

**Values** 100M, 1G, 10G, 40G, 100G, 400G

## ccag

**Syntax** **ccag** *ccag-id* [**path** {**a** | **b**}] [**type** {**sap-sap** | **sap-net** | **net-sap**}] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor

**Description** Displays monitor command output of traffic statistics for Cross Connect Aggregation Groups (CCAGs) ports.

**Parameters** *ccag-id* — Specifies the CCAG instance to monitor.

**path** — Specifies the CCA path nodal context where the CCA path bandwidth, buffer and accounting parameters are maintained. The path context must be specified with either the **a** or **b** keyword specifying the CCA path context to be entered.

**type** — Specify cross connect type.

**Values** **sap-sap**, **sap-net**, **net-sap**

**interval** — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## cpm-filter

**Syntax** **cpm-filter**

**Context** monitor

**Description** Displays monitor command output for CPM filters.

## ip

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Syntax** `ip entry entry-id [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** `monitor>cpm-filter`

**Description** This command displays monitor command statistics for IP filter entries.

**Parameters** `entry entry-id` — Displays information on the specified filter entry ID for the specified filter ID only.

**Values** 1 — 65535

`interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## ipv6

**Syntax** `ip entry entry-id [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** `monitor>cpm-filter`

**Description** This command displays monitor command statistics for IPv6 filter entries.

**Parameters** `entry entry-id` — Displays information on the specified filter entry ID for the specified filter ID only.

**Values** 1 — 65535

`interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.



## mac

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>mac entry</b> <i>entry-id</i> [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ] [ <b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> ] [ <b>absolute</b>   <b>rate</b> ]
<b>Context</b>	monitor>cpm-filter
<b>Description</b>	This command displays monitor command statistics for MAC filter entries.
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>entry</b> <i>entry-id</i> — Displays information on the specified filter entry ID for the specified filter ID only.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 — 65535</p> <p><b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 5 seconds</p> <p><b>Values</b> 3 — 60</p> <p><b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> — Configures how many times the command is repeated.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 10</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 — 999</p> <p><b>absolute</b> — When the <b>absolute</b> keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.</p> <p><b>rate</b> — When the <b>rate</b> keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.</p>

## filter

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>filter</b>
<b>Context</b>	monitor
<b>Description</b>	This command enables the context to configure criteria to monitor IP and MAC filter statistics.

## ip

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>ip ip-filter-id entry</b> <i>entry-id</i> [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ] [ <b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> ] [ <b>absolute</b>   <b>rate</b> ]
<b>Context</b>	monitor>filter
<b>Description</b>	<p>This command enables IP filter monitoring. The statistical information for the specified IP filter entry displays at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.</p> <p>The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified IP filter. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.</p> <p>When the keyword <b>rate</b> is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.</p> <p>Monitor commands are similar to <b>show</b> commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.</p>

## Monitor CLI Commands

### Parameters

*ip-filter-id* — Displays detailed information for the specified filter ID and its filter entries.

**Values** 1 — 65535

*entry entry-id* — Displays information on the specified filter entry ID for the specified filter ID only.

**Values** 1 — 65535

*interval seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

*repeat repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-1>monitor# filter ip 10 entry 1 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for IP filter 10 entry 1
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
=====
A:ALA-1>monitor#
```

```
A:ALA-1>monitor# filter ip 10 entry 1 interval 3 repeat 3 rate
=====
Monitor statistics for IP filter 10 entry 1
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
```

```

Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches : 0
=====
A:ALA-1>monitor#

```

## ipv6

**Syntax** `ipv6 ipv6-filter-id entry entry-id [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** `monitor>filter`

**Description** This command enables IPv6 filter monitoring. The statistical information for the specified IPv6 filter entry displays at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified IPv6 filter. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *ipv6-filter-id* — Displays detailed information for the specified IPv6 filter ID and its filter entries.

**Values** 1 — 65535

**entry** *entry-id* — Displays information on the specified IPv6 filter entry ID for the specified filter ID only.

**Values** 1 — 65535

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-48# monitor filter ipv6 100 entry 10 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
```

## Monitor CLI Commands

```
=====
Monitor statistics for IPv6 filter 100 entry 10
-----
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 1
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 1
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 1
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 01
=====
A:ALA-48#
```

```
A:ALA-48# monitor filter ipv6 100 entry 10 interval 3 repeat 3 rate
```

```
=====
Monitor statistics for IPv6 filter 100 entry 10
-----
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 1
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 1
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 1
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Ing. Matches : 0                               Egr. Matches : 1
=====
A:ALA-48#
```

## mac

**Syntax** `mac mac-filter-id entry entry-id [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor>filter

**Description** This command enables MAC filter monitoring. The statistical information for the specified MAC filter entry displays at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified MAC filter. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters**

*mac-filter-id* — The MAC filter policy ID.

**Values** 1 — 65535

**entry** *entry-id* — Displays information on the specified filter entry ID for the specified filter ID only.

**Values** 1 — 65535

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

**Sample Output**

```
A:ALA-1>monitor>filter# mac 50 entry 10 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for Mac filter 50 entry 10
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0
=====

A:ALA-1>monitor>filter# mac 50 entry 10 interval 3 repeat 3 rate
=====
Monitor statistics for Mac filter 50 entry 10
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0
```

## Monitor CLI Commands

```
-----  
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)  
-----  
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0  
-----  
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)  
-----  
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0  
-----  
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)  
-----  
Ing. Matches: 0                               Egr. Matches   : 0  
=====
```

```
A:ALA-1>monitor>filter#
```

## lag

**Syntax** **lag** *lag-id* [*lag-id...*(up to 5 max)] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | *rate*]

**Context** monitor

**Description** This command monitors traffic statistics for Link Aggregation Group (LAG) ports. Statistical information for the specified LAG ID(s) displays at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified LAG ID. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the “rate per second” for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *lag-id* — The number of the LAG.

**Default** none — The LAG ID value must be specified.

**Values** 1 — 800

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-12# monitor lag 12
```

```

=====
Monitor statistics for LAG ID 12
=====
Port-id      Input      Input      Output      Output      Input      Output
             Bytes      Packets    Bytes      Packets     Errors     Errors
-----
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
1/1/1        2168900   26450      64          1           0           0
1/1/2        10677318 125610     2273750    26439       0           0
1/1/3        2168490   26445      0           0           0           0
-----
Totals       15014708 178505     2273814    26440       0           0
-----
At time t = 5 sec (Mode: Delta)
-----
1/1/1        0          0           0           0           0           0
1/1/2        258        3           86          1           0           0
1/1/3        82         1           0           0           0           0
-----
Totals       340        4           86          1           0           0
=====
A:ALA-12#

```

## lsp-egress-stats

**Syntax** **lsp-egress-stats**  
**lsp-egress-stats** *lsp-name*

**Context** show>router>mpls

**Description** This command displays MPLS LSP egress statistics information.

## lsp-ingress-stats

**Syntax** **lsp-ingress-stats**  
**lsp-ingress-stats** *ip-address lsp lsp-name*

**Context** show>router>mpls

**Description** This command displays MPLS LSP ingress statistics information.

## management-access-filter

**Syntax** **management-access-filter**

**Context** monitor

**Description** This command enables the context to monitor management-access filters. These filters are configured in the **config>system>security>mgmt-access-filter** context.

## ip

**Syntax** `ip entry entry-id [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor>management-access-filter

**Description** This command monitors statistics for the MAF IP filter entry.

**Parameters** `entry entry-id` — Specifies an existing IP MAF entry ID.

**Values** 1 — 9999

`interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 10

**Values** 3 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## ipv6

**Syntax** `ipv6 entry-id [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor>management-access-filter

**Description** This command monitors statistics for the MAF IPv6 filter entry.

**Parameters** `entry entry-id` — Specifies an existing IP MAF entry ID.

**Values** 1 — 9999

`interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 10

**Values** 3 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.



## mac

**Syntax** `mac entry-id [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor>management-access-filter

**Description** This command monitors statistics for the MAF MAC filter entry.

**Parameters** `entry entry-id` — Specifies an existing IP MAF entry ID.

**Values** 1 — 9999

`interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 10

**Values** 3 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## port

**Syntax** `port port-id [port-id...(up to 5 max)] [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor

**Description** This command enables port traffic monitoring. The specified port(s) statistical information displays at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified port(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** `port port-id` — Specify up to 5 port IDs.

**Syntax:**

<code>port-id</code>	slot/mda/port[.channel]
<code>aps-id</code>	aps-group-id[.channel]
	aps keyword
	group-id 1 — 64
<code>bundle ID</code>	bundle-type-slot/mda.bundle-num
	bundle keyword
	type ima, ppp
	bundle-num 1 — 128

## Monitor CLI Commands

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-12>monitor# port 2/1/4 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for Port 2/1/4
=====
                                     Input                               Output
-----
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              39                              175
Errors                                0                               0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              39                              175
Errors                                0                               0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              39                              175
Errors                                0                               0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              39                              175
Errors                                0                               0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor#
```

```
A:ALA-12>monitor# port 2/1/4 interval 3 repeat 3 rate
=====
Monitor statistics for Port 2/1/4
=====
                                     Input                               Output
-----
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
```

```

-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              39                              175
Errors                                0                               0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              0                               0
Errors                                0                               0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              0                               0
Errors                                0                               0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Octets                               0                               0
Packets                              0                               0
Errors                                0                               0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor#

```

## atm

**Syntax** `atm [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute|rate]`

**Context** monitor>port

**Description** This command enables ATM port traffic monitoring.

**Parameters** `interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## port

**Syntax** `port port-id atm [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`  
`port port-id atm aal-5 [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`  
`port port-id atm ilmi [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`  
`port port-id atm interface-connection [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`  
`port port-id atm pvc [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`  
`port port-id atm pvp [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`  
`port port-id atm pvt [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor

**Description** This command monitors ATM port traffic statistics.

**Parameters** *port-id* — Specify up to 5 port IDs.

**Syntax:**

<i>port-id</i>	slot/mda/port[.channel]
aps-id	aps-group-id[.channel]
	aps keyword
	group-id 1 — 64
bundle ID	bundle-type-slot/mda.bundle-num
	bundle keyword
	type ima, ppp
	bundle-num 1 — 128

**atm** — keyword specifying ATM information.

**interface-connection** — Monitors ATM interface statistics.

**interval seconds** — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat repeat** — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**Default** Default mode delta

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

**Default** Default mode delta

**aal-5** — Displays ATM Adaptation Layer 5 (AAL5) information.

**ilmi** — Monitors ATM ILMI statistics.

**pvc** — Identifies the port by the PVC identifier (vpi/vci).

- pvp** — Identifies the port by the permanent virtual path.
- pvt** — Identifies the port by the permanent virtual tunnel.
- oam** — Identifies the port by the OAM test suite ID.

## qos

- Syntax** **qos**
- Context** monitor
- Description** This command enables the context to configure criteria to monitor QoS scheduler statistics for specific customers and SAPs.

## arbiter-stats

- Syntax** **arbiter-stats**
- Context** monitor>qos
- Description** This command enables the context to configure monitor commands for arbiter statistics.

## port

- Syntax** **port**
- Context** monitor>qos
- Description** This command enables the context to configure monitor commands for port related statistics.

## port

- Syntax** **port** *port-id* **exp-secondary-shaper** *shaper-name* [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute|rate**]
- Context** monitor>qos
- Description** This command monitors expanded secondary shaper statistics.
- Parameters**
  - port** *port-id* — Specifies the port ID.
  - Values** slot/mda/port
  - exp-secondary-shaper** *shaper-name* — Displays statistics for the named exp secondary shaper.
  - interval** — *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed.

### port

**Syntax** **port** *port-id* **vport** *name* **monitor-threshold** [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*]

**Context** monitor>qos

**Description** This command monitors VPORT statistics.

**Parameters** **port** *port-id* — Specifies the port ID.

**Values** slot/mda/port [.channel]

**vport** *name* — Displays statistics for the named VPORT.

**monitor-threshold** — Displays the exceed-count for the port-scheduler for the named VPORT.

**interval** — *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

### scheduler-stats

**Syntax** **scheduler-stats**

**Context** monitor>qos

**Description** This command enables the context to configure monitor commands for scheduler statistics.

## card

**Syntax** `card slot-number fp fp-number queue-group queue-group-name instance instance-id [ingress] [access | networks] [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | percent-rate | reference-rate] [arbiter root | name]`

**Context** monitor>qos>arbiter-stats

**Description** This command monitors arbiter statistics in an ingress FP queue group.

**Parameters** `card slot-number` — Specifies the slot number associated with the queue group, expressed as an integer.

**Values** 1 — 20

`fp fp-number` — Specifies the FP number associated with the queue group, expressed as an integer.

**Values** 1 — 2

`queue-group queue-group-name` — Specifies the name of the queue group up to 32 characters in length.

`instance instance-id` — Specifies the identification of a specific instance of the queue-group.

**Values** 1— 65535

`ingress` — Displays arbiter-name statistics applied on the ingress FP.

`access` — Displays arbiter-name statistics applied on the FP access.

`network` — Displays arbiter-name statistics applied on the FP network.

`interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

`repeat repeat` — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

`absolute` — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

`percent-rate` — When the percent-rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed based on the reference rate of 10G.

`reference-rate` — When a reference-rate value is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed as a percentage based on the reference rate specified.

**Values** 100M, 1G, 10G, 40G, 100G, 400G

`arbiter name` — Specifies the name of the policer control policy arbiter.

**Values** An existing arbiter-name in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

`root` — Specifies the root arbiter.

## customer

**Syntax** **customer** *customer-id* **site** *customer-site-name* [**arbiter** *root|name*] [**ingress|egress**] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute|rate**]

**Context** monitor>qos>arbiter-stats

**Description** This command monitors arbiter statistics for a customer site.

**Parameters** *customer-id* — Specifies the ID number to be associated with the customer, expressed as an integer.

**Values** 1 — 2147483647

**site** *customer-site-name* — Specifies the customer site which is an anchor point for ingress and egress arbiter hierarchy.

**arbiter** *name* — Specify the name of the policer control policy arbiter. This parameter is mandatory if the SAP resides on a LAG in adapt-qos link or port-fair mode.

**Values** Values An existing arbiter-name in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

*root* — Specify the root arbiter.

**ingress** — Displays arbiter-name statistics applied on the site ingress.

**egress** — — Displays arbiter-name statistics applied on the site egress.

**interval** *seconds* — — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed.

## port

**Syntax** **port** *port-id* **egress** *network* **queue-group** *queue-group-name* **instance** *instance-id* [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute | rate**] [**arbiter** *root | name*]

**Context** monitor>qos>arbiter-stats

**Description** This command monitors arbiter statistics for a customer site.

**Parameters** **port** *port-id* — Specifies the port ID.

**Values** slot/mda/port



**egress** *network* — Specifies statistics are for an egress network queue group.

**Values** network

**queue-group** *queue-group-name* — Specifies the name of the queue group up to 32 characters in length.

**instance** *instance-id* — Specifies the identification of a specific instance of the queue-group.

**Values** 1—65535

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed.

**arbiter** *name* — Specify the name of the policer control policy arbiter.

**Values** An existing arbiter-name in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

**root** — Specify the root arbiter.

## sap

**Syntax** **sap** *sap-id* [**arbiter** *name* | **root**] [**ingress** | **egress**] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>qos>arbiter-stats

**Description** This command monitors arbiter statistics for a SAP.

**Parameters** *sap-id* — Specify the physical port identifier portion of the SAP definition.

**arbiter** *name* — Specify the name of the policer control policy arbiter. This parameter is mandatory if the SAP resides on a LAG in adapt-qoslink or port-fair mode.

**Values** An existing *scheduler-name* in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

**root** — Specify the scheduler to which this queue would be feeding.

**ingress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the ingress SAP.

**egress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the egress SAP.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## subscriber

**Syntax** **subscriber** *sub-ident-string* [**arbiter** *name* | *root*] [**ingress** | **egress**] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>qos>arbiter-stats

**Description** This command monitors arbiter statistics for a subscriber.

**Parameters** *sub-ident-string* — Specifies an existing subscriber a identification policy name.

**arbiter** *name* — Specify the name of the policer control policy arbiter.

**Values** An existing *scheduler-name* in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

**root** — Specify the scheduler to which this queue would be feeding.

**ingress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the ingress SAP.

**egress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the egress SAP.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics. customer

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## customer

**Syntax** **customer** *customer-id* **site** *customer-site-name* [**scheduler** *scheduler-name*] [**ingress** | **egress**] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>qos>scheduler-stats

**Description** Use this command to monitor scheduler statistics per customer multi-service-site. The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified customer ID and customer site name. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta. Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. These commands display selected statistics per the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *customer-id* — Specifies the ID number to be associated with the customer, expressed as an integer.

**Values** 1 — 2147483647

**site** *customer-site-name* — Specify the customer site which is an anchor point for ingress and egress virtual scheduler hierarchy.

**scheduler** *scheduler-name* — Specify an existing *scheduler-name*. Scheduler names are configured in the **config>qos>scheduler-policy>tier** *level* context. This parameter is mandatory if the customer resides on a LAG in adapt-qoslink or port-fair mode.

**Values** An existing *scheduler-name* is in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

**ingress** — Displays the customer's multi-service-site ingress scheduler policy.

**egress** — Displays the customer's multi-service-site egress scheduler policy.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## sap

**Syntax** **sap** *sap-id* [**scheduler** *scheduler-name*] [**ingress** | **egress**] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>qos>scheduler-stats

**Description** Use this command to monitor scheduler statistics for a SAP at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified SAP. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *sap-id* — Specifies the physical port identifier portion of the SAP definition.

**scheduler** *scheduler-name* — Specify an existing *scheduler-name*. Scheduler names are configured in the **config>qos>scheduler-policy>tier level** context. This parameter is mandatory if the SAP resides on a LAG in adapt-qoslink or port-fair mode.

**Values** An existing *scheduler-name* in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

**ingress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the ingress SAP.

**egress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the egress SAP.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## subscriber

- Syntax** **subscriber** *sub-ident-string* [**scheduler** *scheduler-name*] [**ingress** | **egress**] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]
- Context** monitor>qos>scheduler-stats
- Description** This command monitors scheduler statistics for a subscriber.
- Parameters** *sub-ident-string* — Specifies an existing subscriber a identification policy name.
- scheduler** *scheduler-name* — Specify an existing QoS scheduler policy name. Scheduler names are configured in the `config>qos>scheduler-policy>tier level` context.
- Values** An existing *scheduler-name* in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.
- ingress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the ingress SAP.
- egress** — Displays *scheduler-name* statistics applied on the egress SAP.
- interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.
- Default** 11 seconds
- Values** 11 — 60
- repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.
- Default** 10
- Values** 1 — 999
- absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.
- rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## port

- Syntax** **port** *port-id* **queue-group** *queue-group-name* [**ingress** | **egress**] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**] [**access** | **network**] [**instance** *instance-id*]
- Context** monitor>qos>scheduler-stats
- Description** This command monitors scheduler statistics in a port queue group.
- Parameters** **port** *port-id* — Specifies the port ID.
- Values** slot/mda/port
- queue-group** *queue-group-name* — Specifies the name of the queue group up to 32 characters in length.
- instance** *instance-id* — Specifies the identification of a specific instance of the queue-group.
- Values** 1— 65535

## Monitor CLI Commands

**ingress** — Specifies statistics are for an ingress queue group.

**egress** — Specifies statistics are for an egress queue group.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing.

No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed.

**access** — Displays scheduler statistics applied on an access port.

**network** — Displays scheduler statistics applied on a network port.

## port

**Syntax** **port** *port-id* **vport** *name* [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*][**absolute**|**rate**]

**Context** monitor>qos>scheduler-stats

**Description** This command monitors scheduler statistics in a VPORT.

**Parameters** **port** *port-id* — Specifies the port ID.

**Values** slot/mda/port

**vport** *name* — Displays statistics for the named VPORT.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing.

No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed.

## sap

**Syntax** **sap** *sap-id* **encap-group** *group-name* [**member** *encap-id*] [**scheduler** *scheduler-name*] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute|rate**]

**Context** monitor>qos>scheduler-stats

**Description** This command monitors scheduler statistics for a SAP encap-group.

**Parameters** **sap** *sap-id* — Specify the physical port identifier portion of the SAP definition.

**encap-group** *group-name* — Displays statistics for the encap group.

**member** *encap-id* — The value of the encap-id to be displayed.

**Values** 0 - 16777215

**scheduler** *scheduler-name* — Specify an existing scheduler-name. Scheduler names are configured in the config>qos>scheduler-policy>tier level context. This parameter is mandatory if the SAP resides on a LAG in adapt-qoslink or port-fair mode

**Values** An existing scheduler-name is in the form of a string up to 32 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed.

## subscriber

**Syntax** **subscriber** *sub-ident-string* [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute|rate**] **sap** *sap-id* **sla-profile** *sla-profile-name*

**Context** monitor>qos>scheduler-stats

**Description** This command monitors scheduler statistics for an SLA profile.

**Parameters** **subscriber** *sub-ident-string* — Specifies an existing subscriber a identification policy name.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the absolute keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the rate keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed.

**sap sap-id** — Specify the physical port identifier portion of the SAP definition.

**sla-profile sla-profile-name** — Specifies the SLA profile belonging to the subscriber host.

## router

**Syntax** **router** *router-instance*

**Context** monitor

**Description** This command enables the context to configure criteria to monitor statistical information for BGP, LDP, MPLS, OSPF, OSPF3, PIM, RIP, and RSVP protocols.

**Parameters** *router-instance* — Specify the router name or service ID.

**Values** *router-name:* Base, management  
*service-id:* 1 — 2147483647

**Default** Base

## neighbor

**Syntax** **neighbor** *ip-address* [*ip-address...*(up to 5 max)] [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>router>bgp

**Description** This command displays statistical BGP neighbor information at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified neighbor(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** **neighbor** *ip-address* — Displays damping information for entries received from the BGP neighbor. Up to 5 IP addresses can be specified.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60



**repeat repeat** — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>bgp# neighbor 180.0.0.10 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for BGP Neighbor 180.0.0.10
=====
At time t = 0 sec
-----
Recd. Prefixes   : 2                Sent Prefixes   : 0
Recd. Paths      : 0                Suppressed Paths : 0
Num of Flaps     : 0
i/p Messages     : 916              o/p Messages    : 916
i/p Octets       : 17510           o/p Octets      : 17386
i/p Updates      : 2                o/p Updates     : 0
-----
At time t = 3 sec
-----
Recd. Prefixes   : 0                Sent Prefixes   : 0
Recd. Paths      : 0                Suppressed Paths : 0
Num of Flaps     : 0
i/p Messages     : 0                o/p Messages    : 0
i/p Octets       : 0                o/p Octets      : 0
i/p Updates      : 0                o/p Updates     : 0
-----
At time t = 6 sec
-----
Recd. Prefixes   : 0                Sent Prefixes   : 0
Recd. Paths      : 0                Suppressed Paths : 0
Num of Flaps     : 0
i/p Messages     : 0                o/p Messages    : 0
i/p Octets       : 0                o/p Octets      : 0
i/p Updates      : 0                o/p Updates     : 0
-----
At time t = 9 sec
-----
Recd. Prefixes   : 0                Sent Prefixes   : 0
Recd. Paths      : 0                Suppressed Paths : 0
Num of Flaps     : 0
i/p Messages     : 0                o/p Messages    : 0
i/p Octets       : 6                o/p Octets      : 0
i/p Updates      : 0                o/p Updates     : 0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>bgp#
```

statistics

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Syntax** **statistics** [*interval seconds*] [*repeat repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>router>isis

**Description** This command displays statistical IS-IS traffic information at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified router statistics. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** **interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>isis# statistics interval 3 repeat 2 absolute
=====
ISIS Statistics
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
ISIS Instance      : 1                SPF Runs          : 2
Purge Initiated   : 0                LSP Regens.      : 11

CSPF Statistics

Requests          : 0                Request Drops    : 0
Paths Found       : 0                Paths Not Found  : 0
-----
PDU Type   Received   Processed   Dropped    Sent      Retransmitted
-----
LSP        0           0           0           0          0
IIH        0           0           0          74          0
CSNP       0           0           0           0          0
PSNP       0           0           0           0          0
Unknown    0           0           0           0          0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
ISIS Instance      : 1                SPF Runs          : 2
```

Purge Initiated : 0 LSP Regens. : 11

CSPF Statistics

Requests : 0 Request Drops : 0  
 Paths Found : 0 Paths Not Found: 0

PDU Type	Received	Processed	Dropped	Sent	Retransmitted
LSP	0	0	0	0	0
IIH	0	0	0	74	0
CSNP	0	0	0	0	0
PSNP	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0

At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)

ISIS Instance : 1 SPF Runs : 2  
 Purge Initiated : 0 LSP Regens. : 11

CSPF Statistics

Requests : 0 Request Drops : 0  
 Paths Found : 0 Paths Not Found: 0

PDU Type	Received	Processed	Dropped	Sent	Retransmitted
LSP	0	0	0	0	0
IIH	0	0	0	74	0
CSNP	0	0	0	0	0
PSNP	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0

A:ALA-12>monitor>router>isis# **statistics interval 3 repeat 2 rate**

ISIS Statistics

At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)

ISIS Instance : 1 SPF Runs : 2  
 Purge Initiated : 0 LSP Regens. : 11

CSPF Statistics

Requests : 0 Request Drops : 0  
 Paths Found : 0 Paths Not Found: 0

PDU Type	Received	Processed	Dropped	Sent	Retransmitted
LSP	0	0	0	0	0
IIH	0	0	0	76	0
CSNP	0	0	0	0	0
PSNP	0	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0

At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)

ISIS Instance : 1 SPF Runs : 0  
 Purge Initiated : 0 LSP Regens. : 0

## Monitor CLI Commands

```
CSPF Statistics

Requests          : 0          Request Drops : 0
Paths Found       : 0          Paths Not Found: 0
-----
PDU Type   Received   Processed   Dropped    Sent      Retransmitted
-----
LSP        0           0           0           0          0
IIH        0           0           0           0          0
CSNP       0           0           0           0          0
PSNP       0           0           0           0          0
Unknown    0           0           0           0          0
-----

At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
ISIS Instance    : 1          SPF Runs       : 0
Purge Initiated : 0          LSP Regens.   : 0

CSPF Statistics

Requests          : 0          Request Drops : 0
Paths Found       : 0          Paths Not Found: 0
-----
PDU Type   Received   Processed   Dropped    Sent      Retransmitted
-----
LSP        0           0           0           0          0
IIH        0           0           0           1          0
CSNP       0           0           0           0          0
PSNP       0           0           0           0          0
Unknown    0           0           0           0          0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>isis#
```

## session

**Syntax** `session ldp-id [ldp-id...(up to 5 max)] [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** `monitor>router>ldp`

**Description** This command displays statistical information for LDP sessions at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified LDP session(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *ldp-id* — Specify the IP address of the LDP session to display.

**Values** *ip-address[:label-space]*  
*ip-address* — a.b.c.d  
*label-space* — [0..65535]

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-103>monitor>router>ldp# session 10.10.10.104 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for LDP Session 10.10.10.104
=====
```

	Sent	Received
-----		
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)		
-----		
FECs	1	2
Hello	5288	5289
Keepalive	8225	8225
Init	1	1
Label Mapping	1	4
Label Request	0	0
Label Release	0	0
Label Withdraw	0	0
Label Abort	0	0
Notification	0	0
Address	1	1
Address Withdraw	0	0
-----		
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)		
-----		
FECs	1	2
Hello	5288	5289
Keepalive	8226	8226
Init	1	1
Label Mapping	1	4
Label Request	0	0
Label Release	0	0
Label Withdraw	0	0
Label Abort	0	0
Notification	0	0
Address	1	1
Address Withdraw	0	0
-----		
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)		
-----		
FECs	1	2
Hello	5288	5290

## Monitor CLI Commands

```

Keepalive                8226                8226
Init                     1                1
Label Mapping            1                4
Label Request            0                0
Label Release            0                0
Label Withdraw           0                0
Label Abort              0                0
Notification             0                0
Address                  1                1
Address Withdraw         0                0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
FECs                     1                2
Hello                    5288             5290
Keepalive                8226             8226
Init                     1                1
Label Mapping            1                4
Label Request            0                0
Label Release            0                0
Label Withdraw           0                0
Label Abort              0                0
Notification             0                0
Address                  1                1
Address Withdraw         0                0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ldp#

A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ldp# session 10.10.10.104 interval 3 repeat 3 rate
=====
Monitor statistics for LDP Session 10.10.10.104
=====

```

	Sent	Received
-----		
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)		
FECs	1	2
Hello	5289	5290
Keepalive	8227	8227
Init	1	1
Label Mapping	1	4
Label Request	0	0
Label Release	0	0
Label Withdraw	0	0
Label Abort	0	0
Notification	0	0
Address	1	1
Address Withdraw	0	0
-----		
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)		
FECs	0	0
Hello	0	0
Keepalive	0	0
Init	0	0
Label Mapping	0	0
Label Request	0	0
Label Release	0	0
Label Withdraw	0	0
Label Abort	0	0

```

Notification          0          0
Address               0          0
Address Withdraw     0          0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
FECs                  0          0
Hello                 0          0
Keepalive             0          0
Init                  0          0
Label Mapping         0          0
Label Request         0          0
Label Release         0          0
Label Withdraw       0          0
Label Abort           0          0
Notification          0          0
Address               0          0
Address Withdraw     0          0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
FECs                  0          0
Hello                 0          0
Keepalive             0          0
Init                  0          0
Label Mapping         0          0
Label Request         0          0
Label Release         0          0
Label Withdraw       0          0
Label Abort           0          0
Notification          0          0
Address               0          0
Address Withdraw     0          0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ldp#

```

## statistics

**Syntax** `statistics [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** `monitor>router>ldp`

**Description** Monitor statistics for LDP instance at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the LDP statistics. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** `interval seconds` — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat repeat** — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

**Sample Output**

```
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ldp# statistics interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for LDP instance
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 1                Serv FECs Recv      : 2
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 1                Serv FECs Recv      : 2
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 1                Serv FECs Recv      : 2
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 1                Serv FECs Recv      : 2
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ldp#
```

```
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ldp# statistics interval 3 repeat 3 rate
=====
Monitor statistics for LDP instance
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 1                Serv FECs Recv      : 2
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 0                Serv FECs Recv      : 0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 0                Serv FECs Recv      : 0
-----
```



```

At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Addr FECs Sent      : 0                Addr FECs Recv      : 0
Serv FECs Sent      : 0                Serv FECs Recv      : 0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ldp#

```

## interface

**Syntax** `interface interface [interface...(up to 5 max)] [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor>router>mpls

**Description** This command displays statistics for MPLS interfaces at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the MPLS interface(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *interface* — Specify the interface's IP address (*ip-address*) or interface name (*ip-int-name*). Up to 5 interfaces can be specified. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

*interval seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

*repeat repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```

A:ALA-12>monitor>router>mpls# interface system interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for MPLS Interface "system"
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0                Octets - 0
Received     : Pkts - 0                Octets - 0
-----

```

## Monitor CLI Commands

```
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
Received    : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
-----

At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
Received    : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
-----

At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
Received    : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
=====

A:ALA-12>monitor>router>mpls#

A:ALA-12>monitor>router>mpls# interface system interval 3 repeat 3 rate
=====
Monitor statistics for MPLS Interface "system"
=====
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
Received    : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
-----

At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
Received    : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
-----

At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
Received    : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
-----

At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Transmitted  : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
Received    : Pkts - 0          Octets - 0
=====

A:ALA-12>monitor>router>mpls#
```

## lsp-egress-statistics

**Syntax** `lsp-egress-stats lsp-name [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** `monitor>router>mpls`

**Description** This command displays egress statistics for LSP interfaces at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

**Default** **no lsp-egress-statistics**

**Parameters** **repeat** *repeat* — Specifies how many times the command is repeated.

**Values** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**interval** *seconds* — Specifies the interval for each display, in seconds.

**Values** 10

**Values** 3 — 60

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample

```
B:Dut-C-cpm2# monitor router mpls lsp-egress-stats sample repeat 3 interval 10 absolute
```

```
=====
Monitor egress statistics for MPLS LSP "sample"
-----
```

```
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
```

```
LSP Name      : sample
-----
```

Collect Stats	: Enabled	Accting Plcy.	: 5
Adm State	: Up	PSB Match	: True
FC BE			
InProf Pkts	: 0	OutProf Pkts	: 551
InProf Octets	: 0	OutProf Octets	: 560918
FC L2			
InProf Pkts	: 0	OutProf Pkts	: 551
InProf Octets	: 0	OutProf Octets	: 560918
FC AF			
InProf Pkts	: 551	OutProf Pkts	: 0
InProf Octets	: 560918	OutProf Octets	: 0
FC L1			
InProf Pkts	: 551	OutProf Pkts	: 0
InProf Octets	: 560918	OutProf Octets	: 0
FC H2			
InProf Pkts	: 0	OutProf Pkts	: 551
InProf Octets	: 0	OutProf Octets	: 560918
FC EF			
InProf Pkts	: 0	OutProf Pkts	: 551
InProf Octets	: 0	OutProf Octets	: 560918
FC H1			
InProf Pkts	: 0	OutProf Pkts	: 551
InProf Octets	: 0	OutProf Octets	: 560918
FC NC			
InProf Pkts	: 551	OutProf Pkts	: 0
InProf Octets	: 560918	OutProf Octets	: 0

```
-----
At time t = 10 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
```

```
LSP Name      : sample
```

## Monitor CLI Commands

```
-----  
Collect Stats : Enabled  
Adm State : Up  
FC BE  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC L2  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC AF  
InProf Pkts : 580  
InProf Octets : 590440  
FC L1  
InProf Pkts : 580  
InProf Octets : 590440  
FC H2  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC EF  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC H1  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC NC  
InProf Pkts : 580  
InProf Octets : 590440  
Accting Plcy. : 5  
PSB Match : True  
OutProf Pkts : 580  
OutProf Octets: 590440  
OutProf Pkts : 580  
OutProf Octets: 590440  
OutProf Pkts : 0  
OutProf Octets: 0  
OutProf Pkts : 0  
OutProf Octets: 0  
OutProf Pkts : 580  
OutProf Octets: 590440  
OutProf Pkts : 580  
OutProf Octets: 590440  
OutProf Pkts : 580  
OutProf Octets: 590440  
OutProf Pkts : 0  
OutProf Octets: 0  
-----  
At time t = 20 sec (Mode: Absolute)  
-----  
LSP Name : sample  
-----  
Collect Stats : Enabled  
Adm State : Up  
FC BE  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC L2  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC AF  
InProf Pkts : 609  
InProf Octets : 619962  
FC L1  
InProf Pkts : 609  
InProf Octets : 619962  
FC H2  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC EF  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC H1  
InProf Pkts : 0  
InProf Octets : 0  
FC NC  
InProf Pkts : 609  
InProf Octets : 619962  
Accting Plcy. : 5  
PSB Match : True  
OutProf Pkts : 609  
OutProf Octets: 619962  
OutProf Pkts : 609  
OutProf Octets: 619962  
OutProf Pkts : 0  
OutProf Octets: 0  
OutProf Pkts : 0  
OutProf Octets: 0  
OutProf Pkts : 609  
OutProf Octets: 619962  
OutProf Pkts : 609  
OutProf Octets: 619962  
OutProf Pkts : 609  
OutProf Octets: 619962  
OutProf Pkts : 0  
OutProf Octets: 0  
-----  
At time t = 30 sec (Mode: Absolute)  
-----
```

```

LSP Name      : sample
-----
Collect Stats : Enabled          Accting Plcy. : 5
Adm State     : Up              PSB Match     : True
FC BE
InProf Pkts   : 0              OutProf Pkts  : 638
InProf Octets : 0              OutProf Octets: 649484
FC L2
InProf Pkts   : 0              OutProf Pkts  : 638
InProf Octets : 0              OutProf Octets: 649484
FC AF
InProf Pkts   : 638            OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 649484         OutProf Octets: 0
FC L1
InProf Pkts   : 638            OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 649484         OutProf Octets: 0
FC H2
InProf Pkts   : 0              OutProf Pkts  : 638
InProf Octets : 0              OutProf Octets: 649484
FC EF
InProf Pkts   : 0              OutProf Pkts  : 638
InProf Octets : 0              OutProf Octets: 649484
FC H1
InProf Pkts   : 0              OutProf Pkts  : 638
InProf Octets : 0              OutProf Octets: 649484
FC NC
InProf Pkts   : 638            OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 649484         OutProf Octets: 0
=====
B:Dut-C-cpm2#

```

## lsp-ingress-statistics

**Syntax** `lsp-ingress-stats lsp lsp-name sender sender-address [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor>router>mpls

**Description** This command displays ingress statistics for LSP interfaces at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

**Parameters** `repeat repeat` — Specifies how many times the command is repeated.

**Values** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

`interval seconds` — Specifies the interval for each display, in seconds.

**Values** 10

**Values** 3 — 60

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

**Sample Output**

```
B:Dut-C-cpm2# monitor router mpls lsp-ingress-stats lsp sample 1.1.1.1 repeat 3 interval 10
absolute
```

```
=====
Monitor ingress statistics for MPLS LSP "sample"
-----
```

```
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
```

```
LSP Name      : sample
Sender        : 1.1.1.1
-----
```

Collect Stats : Enabled	Accting Plcy. : None
Adm State      : Up	PSB Match     : True
FC BE	
InProf Pkts   : 539	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 548702	OutProf Octets: 0
FC L2	
InProf Pkts   : 0	OutProf Pkts  : 539
InProf Octets : 0	OutProf Octets: 548702
FC AF	
InProf Pkts   : 0	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 0	OutProf Octets: 0
FC L1	
InProf Pkts   : 1078	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 1097404	OutProf Octets: 0
FC H2	
InProf Pkts   : 0	OutProf Pkts  : 539
InProf Octets : 0	OutProf Octets: 548702
FC EF	
InProf Pkts   : 539	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 548702	OutProf Octets: 0
FC H1	
InProf Pkts   : 539	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 548702	OutProf Octets: 0
FC NC	
InProf Pkts   : 0	OutProf Pkts  : 539
InProf Octets : 0	OutProf Octets: 548702

```
-----
At time t = 10 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
```

```
LSP Name      : sample
Sender        : 1.1.1.1
-----
```

Collect Stats : Enabled	Accting Plcy. : None
Adm State      : Up	PSB Match     : True
FC BE	
InProf Pkts   : 568	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 578224	OutProf Octets: 0
FC L2	
InProf Pkts   : 0	OutProf Pkts  : 568
InProf Octets : 0	OutProf Octets: 578224
FC AF	
InProf Pkts   : 0	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 0	OutProf Octets: 0
FC L1	
InProf Pkts   : 1136	OutProf Pkts  : 0
InProf Octets : 1156448	OutProf Octets: 0
FC H2	
InProf Pkts   : 0	OutProf Pkts  : 568

```

InProf Octets : 0                               OutProf Octets: 578224
FC EF
InProf Pkts   : 568                             OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 578224                         OutProf Octets: 0
FC H1
InProf Pkts   : 568                             OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 578224                         OutProf Octets: 0
FC NC
InProf Pkts   : 0                               OutProf Pkts   : 568
InProf Octets : 0                               OutProf Octets: 578224

```

```
-----
At time t = 20 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
```

```

LSP Name      : sample
Sender        : 1.1.1.1

```

```

Collect Stats : Enabled                       Accting Plcy. : None
Adm State     : Up                           PSB Match     : True
FC BE
InProf Pkts   : 597                         OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 607746                       OutProf Octets: 0
FC L2
InProf Pkts   : 0                           OutProf Pkts   : 597
InProf Octets : 0                           OutProf Octets: 607746
FC AF
InProf Pkts   : 0                           OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 0                           OutProf Octets: 0
FC L1
InProf Pkts   : 1194                         OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 1215492                       OutProf Octets: 0
FC H2
InProf Pkts   : 0                           OutProf Pkts   : 597
InProf Octets : 0                           OutProf Octets: 607746
FC EF
InProf Pkts   : 597                         OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 607746                       OutProf Octets: 0
FC H1
InProf Pkts   : 597                         OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 607746                       OutProf Octets: 0
FC NC
InProf Pkts   : 0                           OutProf Pkts   : 597
InProf Octets : 0                           OutProf Octets: 607746

```

```
-----
At time t = 30 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
```

```

LSP Name      : sample
Sender        : 1.1.1.1

```

```

Collect Stats : Enabled                       Accting Plcy. : None
Adm State     : Up                           PSB Match     : True
FC BE
InProf Pkts   : 627                         OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 638286                       OutProf Octets: 0
FC L2
InProf Pkts   : 0                           OutProf Pkts   : 627
InProf Octets : 0                           OutProf Octets: 638286
FC AF
InProf Pkts   : 0                           OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 0                           OutProf Octets: 0
FC L1
InProf Pkts   : 1254                         OutProf Pkts   : 0

```

## Monitor CLI Commands

```
InProf Octets : 1276572          OutProf Octets: 0
FC H2
InProf Pkts   : 0              OutProf Pkts   : 627
InProf Octets : 0              OutProf Octets: 638286
FC EF
InProf Pkts   : 627           OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 638286       OutProf Octets: 0
FC H1
InProf Pkts   : 627           OutProf Pkts   : 0
InProf Octets : 638286       OutProf Octets: 0
FC NC
InProf Pkts   : 0              OutProf Pkts   : 627
InProf Octets : 0              OutProf Octets: 638286
=====
B:Dut-C-cpm2#
```

### ospf

**Syntax** `ospf [ospf-instance]`

**Context** `monitor>router>ospf`

**Description** This command enables the context to configure monitor commands for the OSPF instance.

**Parameters** *ospf-instance* — Specifies the OSPF instance.

**Values** 1 — 31

### ospf3

**Syntax** `ospf3`

**Context** `monitor>router`

**Description** This command enables the context to configure monitor commands for the OSPF3 instance.

### interface

**Syntax** `interface interface [interface...(up to 5 max)] [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** `monitor>router>ospf`  
`monitor>router>ospf3`

**Description** This command displays statistics for OSPF interfaces at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the OSPF interface(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the “rate per second” for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.



Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

### Parameters

**interface** — Specify the interface's IP address (*ip-address*) or interface name (*ip-int-name*). Up to 5 interfaces can be specified. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

**interval seconds** — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat repeat** — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ospf# interface to-104 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for OSPF Interface "to-104"
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Tot Rx Packets : 8379          Tot Tx Packets : 8528
Rx Hellos      : 8225          Tx Hellos      : 8368
Rx DBDs        : 6             Tx DBDs        : 12
Rx LSRs        : 2             Tx LSRs        : 1
Rx LSUs        : 55           Tx LSUs        : 95
Rx LS Acks     : 91           Tx LS Acks     : 52
Retransmits    : 2             Discards       : 0
Bad Networks   : 0             Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Areas      : 0             Bad Dest Adrs  : 0
Bad Auth Types : 0             Auth Failures  : 0
Bad Neighbors  : 0             Bad Pkt Types  : 0
Bad Lengths    : 0             Bad Hello Int. : 0
Bad Dead Int.  : 0             Bad Options    : 0
Bad Versions   : 0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Tot Rx Packets : 8379          Tot Tx Packets : 8528
Rx Hellos      : 8225          Tx Hellos      : 8368
Rx DBDs        : 6             Tx DBDs        : 12
Rx LSRs        : 2             Tx LSRs        : 1
Rx LSUs        : 55           Tx LSUs        : 95
Rx LS Acks     : 91           Tx LS Acks     : 52
Retransmits    : 2             Discards       : 0
Bad Networks   : 0             Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Areas      : 0             Bad Dest Adrs  : 0
```

## Monitor CLI Commands

```
Bad Auth Types : 0
Bad Neighbors  : 0
Bad Lengths    : 0
Bad Dead Int.  : 0
Bad Versions   : 0
Auth Failures  : 0
Bad Pkt Types  : 0
Bad Hello Int. : 0
Bad Options    : 0
```

-----  
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)

```
-----  
Tot Rx Packets : 8380
Rx Hellos      : 8226
Rx DBDs        : 6
Rx LSRs        : 2
Rx LSUs        : 55
Rx LS Acks     : 91
Retransmits    : 2
Bad Networks   : 0
Bad Areas      : 0
Bad Auth Types : 0
Bad Neighbors  : 0
Bad Lengths    : 0
Bad Dead Int.  : 0
Bad Versions   : 0
Tot Tx Packets : 8529
Tx Hellos      : 8369
Tx DBDs        : 12
Tx LSRs        : 1
Tx LSUs        : 95
Tx LS Acks     : 52
Discards       : 0
Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Dest Addrs : 0
Auth Failures  : 0
Bad Pkt Types  : 0
Bad Hello Int. : 0
Bad Options    : 0
```

-----  
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)

```
-----  
Tot Rx Packets : 8380
Rx Hellos      : 8226
Rx DBDs        : 6
Rx LSRs        : 2
Rx LSUs        : 55
Rx LS Acks     : 91
Retransmits    : 2
Bad Networks   : 0
Bad Areas      : 0
Bad Auth Types : 0
Bad Neighbors  : 0
Bad Lengths    : 0
Bad Dead Int.  : 0
Bad Versions   : 0
Tot Tx Packets : 8529
Tx Hellos      : 8369
Tx DBDs        : 12
Tx LSRs        : 1
Tx LSUs        : 95
Tx LS Acks     : 52
Discards       : 0
Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Dest Addrs : 0
Auth Failures  : 0
Bad Pkt Types  : 0
Bad Hello Int. : 0
Bad Options    : 0
```

=====  
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ospf#

A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ospf# **interface to-104 interval 3 repeat 3 rate**

=====  
Monitor statistics for OSPF Interface "to-104"

-----  
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)

```
-----  
Tot Rx Packets : 8381
Rx Hellos      : 8227
Rx DBDs        : 6
Rx LSRs        : 2
Rx LSUs        : 55
Rx LS Acks     : 91
Retransmits    : 2
Bad Networks   : 0
Bad Areas      : 0
Bad Auth Types : 0
Bad Neighbors  : 0
Bad Lengths    : 0
Tot Tx Packets : 8530
Tx Hellos      : 8370
Tx DBDs        : 12
Tx LSRs        : 1
Tx LSUs        : 95
Tx LS Acks     : 52
Discards       : 0
Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Dest Addrs : 0
Auth Failures  : 0
Bad Pkt Types  : 0
Bad Hello Int. : 0
```

```
Bad Dead Int. : 0
Bad Versions : 0
Bad Options : 0
```

```
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)
```

```
-----
Tot Rx Packets : 0
Rx Hellos : 0
Rx DBDs : 0
Rx LSRs : 0
Rx LSUs : 0
Rx LS Acks : 0
Retransmits : 0
Bad Networks : 0
Bad Areas : 0
Bad Auth Types : 0
Bad Neighbors : 0
Bad Lengths : 0
Bad Dead Int. : 0
Bad Versions : 0
Tot Tx Packets : 0
Tx Hellos : 0
Tx DBDs : 0
Tx LSRs : 0
Tx LSUs : 0
Tx LS Acks : 0
Discards : 0
Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Dest Adrs : 0
Auth Failures : 0
Bad Pkt Types : 0
Bad Hello Int. : 0
Bad Options : 0
-----
```

```
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
```

```
-----
Tot Rx Packets : 0
Rx Hellos : 0
Rx DBDs : 0
Rx LSRs : 0
Rx LSUs : 0
Rx LS Acks : 0
Retransmits : 0
Bad Networks : 0
Bad Areas : 0
Bad Auth Types : 0
Bad Neighbors : 0
Bad Lengths : 0
Bad Dead Int. : 0
Bad Versions : 0
Tot Tx Packets : 0
Tx Hellos : 0
Tx DBDs : 0
Tx LSRs : 0
Tx LSUs : 0
Tx LS Acks : 0
Discards : 0
Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Dest Adrs : 0
Auth Failures : 0
Bad Pkt Types : 0
Bad Hello Int. : 0
Bad Options : 0
-----
```

```
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
```

```
-----
Tot Rx Packets : 0
Rx Hellos : 0
Rx DBDs : 0
Rx LSRs : 0
Rx LSUs : 0
Rx LS Acks : 0
Retransmits : 0
Bad Networks : 0
Bad Areas : 0
Bad Auth Types : 0
Bad Neighbors : 0
Bad Lengths : 0
Bad Dead Int. : 0
Bad Versions : 0
Tot Tx Packets : 0
Tx Hellos : 0
Tx DBDs : 0
Tx LSRs : 0
Tx LSUs : 0
Tx LS Acks : 0
Discards : 0
Bad Virt Links : 0
Bad Dest Adrs : 0
Auth Failures : 0
Bad Pkt Types : 0
Bad Hello Int. : 0
Bad Options : 0
=====
```

```
A:ALA-12>monitor>router>ospf#
```

neighbor

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Syntax** `neighbor ip-address [ip-address...(up to 5 max)] [interval seconds] [repeat repeat] [absolute | rate]`

**Context** monitor>router>ospf

**Description** This command displays statistical OSPF or OSPF3 neighbor information at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified OSPF neighbor(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** **neighbor ip-address** — The IP address to display information for entries received from the specified OSPF neighbor. Up to 5 IP addresses can be specified.

**interval seconds** — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat repeat** — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-12>monitor>router# ospf neighbor 10.0.0.104 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for OSPF Neighbor 10.0.0.104
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates   : 0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates   : 0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
```

```

Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates    : 0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Absolute)
-----
Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates    : 0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router#

A:ALA-12>monitor>router# ospf neighbor 10.0.0.104 interval 3 repeat 3 absolute
=====
Monitor statistics for OSPF Neighbor 10.0.0.104
=====
-----
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates    : 0
-----
At time t = 3 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates    : 0
-----
At time t = 6 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates    : 0
-----
At time t = 9 sec (Mode: Rate)
-----
Bad Nbr States      : 0                LSA Inst fails    : 0
Bad Seq Nums       : 0                Bad MTUs          : 0
Bad Packets        : 0                LSA not in LSDB  : 0
Option Mismatches: 0                Nbr Duplicates    : 0
=====
A:ALA-12>monitor>router#

```

## neighbor

**Syntax** **neighbor** [*router-id*] [*interface-name*] [*interval seconds*] [*repeat repeat*] [*absolute* | *rate*]

**Context** monitor>router>ospf3

**Description** This command displays statistical OSPF or OSPF3 neighbor information at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

## Monitor CLI Commands

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified OSPF neighbor(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

- Parameters**
- neighbor** *ip-address* — The IP address to display information for entries received from the specified OSPF neighbor. Up to 5 IP addresses can be specified.
  - interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.
    - Default** 5 seconds
    - Values** 3 — 60
  - repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.
    - Default** 10
    - Values** 1 — 999
  - absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.
  - rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.
  - router-id* — The router ID for an existing IP interface.

## virtual-link

- Syntax** **virtual-link** *nbr-rtr-id* **area** *area-id* [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]
- Context**  
monitor>router>ospf  
monitor>router>ospf3
- Description**  
This command displays statistical OSPF virtual link information at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.  
The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified neighbor(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.  
When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.  
Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.
- Parameters**
- nbr-rtr-id* — The IP address to uniquely identify a neighboring router in the autonomous system.
  - area** *area-id* — The OSPF area ID, expressed in dotted decimal notation or as a 32-bit decimal integer.
  - interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.
    - Default** 5 seconds
    - Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## virtual-neighbor

**Syntax** **virtual-neighbor** *nbr-rtr-id* **area** *area-id* [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context**  
monitor>router>ospf  
monitor>router>ospf3

**Description** This command displays statistical OSPF virtual neighbor information at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified OSPF virtual neighbor router. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display.

When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *nbr-rtr-id* — The IP address to uniquely identify a neighboring router in the autonomous system.

**area** *area-id* — The OSPF area ID, expressed in dotted decimal notation or as a 32-bit decimal integer.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## group

## Monitor CLI Commands

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>group</b> <i>grp-ip-address</i> [ <b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>interval</i> ] [ <b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> ] [ <b>absolute</b>   <b>rate</b> ]
<b>Context</b>	monitor>router>pim
<b>Description</b>	This command monitors statistics for a PIM source group.
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><i>grp-ip-address</i> — The IP address of an multicast group that identifies a set of recipients that are interested in a particular data stream.</p> <p><b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> — The source IP address to use in the ping requests in dotted decimal notation.</p> <p><b>Default</b> The IP address of the egress IP interface.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0.0.0.0 — 255.255.255.255</p> <p><b>interval</b> <i>interval</i> — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 10 seconds</p> <p><b>Values</b> 10 20 30 40 50 60</p> <p><b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> — Configures how many times the command is repeated.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 10</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 — 999</p> <p><b>absolute</b> — When the <b>absolute</b> keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.</p> <p><b>rate</b> — When the <b>rate</b> keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.</p>

## neighbor

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>neighbor</b> <i>neighbor</i> [ <i>neighbor...</i> (up to 5 max)] [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ] [ <b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> ] [ <b>absolute</b>   <b>rate</b> ]
<b>Context</b>	monitor>router>rip
<b>Description</b>	<p>This command displays statistical RIP neighbor information at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.</p> <p>The first screen displays the current statistics related to the specified RIP neighbor(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword <b>rate</b> is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.</p> <p>Monitor commands are similar to <b>show</b> commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.</p>
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>neighbor</b> <i>ip-address</i> — The IP address to display information for entries received from the specified RIP neighbor. Up to 5 IP addresses can be displayed.</p> <p><b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 5 seconds</p> <p><b>Values</b> 3 — 60</p>



**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## interface

**Syntax** **interface** *interface* [*interface...*(up to 5 max)][**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>router>rsvp

**Description** This command displays statistics for RSVP interfaces at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the RSVP interface(s). The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *interface* — Specify the interface's IP address (*ip-address*) or interface name (*ip-int-name*). Up to 5 interfaces can be specified. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 5 seconds

**Values** 3 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

## service

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Syntax** **service**

**Context** monitor

**Description** This command enables the context to configure criteria to monitor specific service SAP criteria.

### id

**Syntax** **id** *service-id*

**Context** monitor>service

**Description** This command displays statistics for a specific service, specified by the *service-id*, at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the *service-id*. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *service-id* — The unique service identification number which identifies the service in the service domain.

### sap

**Syntax** **sap** *sap-id* [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>service>id *service-id*

**Description** This command monitors statistics for a SAP associated with this service.

This command displays statistics for a specific SAP, identified by the *port-id* and encapsulation value, at the configured interval until the configured count is reached.

The first screen displays the current statistics related to the SAP. The subsequent statistical information listed for each interval is displayed as a delta to the previous display. When the keyword **rate** is specified, the "rate per second" for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

Monitor commands are similar to **show** commands but only statistical information displays. Monitor commands display the selected statistics according to the configured number of times at the interval specified.

**Parameters** *sap-id* — Specifies the physical port identifier portion of the SAP definition.

```
sap-id:          null    [port-id | bundle-id | bpgrp-id | lag-id | aps-id]  
dot1q           [port-id | bundle-id | bpgrp-id | lag-id | aps-id]:qtag1  
qinq            [port-id | bundle-id | bpgrp-id | lag-id]:qtag1.qtag2  
atm             [port-id | aps-id | bundle-id | bpgrp-id][:vpi/vci | vpi | vpi1.vpi2]  
frame          [port-id | bundle-id]:dlci  
cisco-hdlc     slot/mda/port.channel  
  
port-id       slot/mda/port[.channel]
```

```

aps-id  aps-group-id[.channel]
        aps      keyword
        group-id 1 — 64
bpgrp-id: bpgrp-type-bpgrp-num
        bpgrp   keyword
        type    ima
        bpgrp-num 1 — 1280
ccag-id  ccag-id.path-id[cc-type]:cc-id
        ccag    keyword
        id      1 — 8
        path-id a, b
        cc-type .sap-net, .net-sap
        cc-id   0 — 4094
lag-id   lag-id
        lag     keyword
        id      1 — 800

```

*port-id* — Specifies the physical port ID in the *slot/mda/port* format.

If the card in the slot has MDAs installed, the *port-id* must be in the *slot\_number/MDA\_number/port\_number* format. For example 6/2/3 specifies port 3 on MDA 2 in slot 6.

The *port-id* must reference a valid port type. When the *port-id* parameter represents SONET/SDH and TDM channels, the port ID must include the channel ID. A period “.” separates the physical port from the *channel-id*. The port must be configured as an access port.

If the SONET/SDH port is configured as clear-channel then only the port is specified.

*bundle-id* — Specifies the multilink bundle to be associated with this IP interface. The **bundle** keyword must be entered at the beginning of the parameter.

The command syntax must be configured as follows:

```

bundle-id:          bundle-type-slot-id/mda-slot.bundle-num
bundle-id value range: 1 — 128

```

For example:

```

*A:ALA-12>config# port bundle-ppp-5/1.1
*A:ALA-12>config>port# multilink-bundle

```

*bpgrp-id* — Specifies the bundle protection group ID to be associated with this IP interface. The **bpgrp** keyword must be entered at the beginning of the parameter.

The command syntax must be configured as follows:

```

bpgrp-id:          bpgrp-type-bpgrp-num
type:              ima
bpgrp-num value range: 1 — 1280

```

For example:

```

*A:ALA-12>config# port bpgrp-ima-1
*A:ALA-12>config>service>vpls$ sap bpgrp-ima-1

```

*qtag1*, *qtag2* — Specifies the encapsulation value used to identify the SAP on the port or sub-port. If this parameter is not specifically defined, the default value is 0.

```

Values    qtag1:          0 — 4094
              qtag2 :          * | 0 — 4094

```

## Monitor CLI Commands

The values depends on the encapsulation type configured for the interface. The following table describes the allowed values for the port and encapsulation types.

Port Type	Encap-Type	Allowed Values	Comments
Ethernet	Null	0	The SAP is identified by the port.
Ethernet	Dot1q	0 — 4094	The SAP is identified by the 802.1Q tag on the port. Note that a 0 qtag1 value also accepts untagged packets on the dot1q port.
Ethernet	QinQ	qtag1: 0 — 4094 qtag2: 0 — 4094	The SAP is identified by two 802.1Q tags on the port. Note that a 0 qtag1 value also accepts untagged packets on the dot1q port.
SONET/SDH	IPCP	-	The SAP is identified by the channel. No BCP is deployed and all traffic is IP.
SONET/SDH TDM	BCP-Null	0	The SAP is identified with a single service on the channel. Tags are assumed to be part of the customer packet and not a service delimiter.
SONET/SDH TDM	BCP-Dot1q	0 — 4094	The SAP is identified by the 802.1Q tag on the channel.
SONET/SDH TDM	Frame Relay	16 — 991	The SAP is identified by the data link connection identifier (DLCI).
SONET/SDH ATM	ATM	vpi (NNI) 0 — 4095 vpi (UNI) 0 — 255 vci 1, 2, 5 — 65535 -	The SAP is identified by port or by PVPC or PVCC identifier (vpi, vpi/vci, or vpi range)

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the absolute rate-per-second value for each statistic is displayed.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
*A:cses-A13# monitor service id 88 sap 1/1/2:0
```

```
=====
Monitor statistics for Service 88 SAP 1/1/2:0
```

```

=====
-----
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
-----
Sap Statistics
-----
Last Cleared Time      : N/A
                        Packets          Octets
Forwarding Engine Stats
Dropped                : 0              0
Off. HiPrio            : 0              0
Off. LowPrio           : 0              0
Off. Uncolor           : 0              0

Queueing Stats(Ingress QoS Policy 1)
Dro. HiPrio            : 0              0
Dro. LowPrio           : 0              0
For. InProf            : 0              0
For. OutProf           : 0              0

Queueing Stats(Egress QoS Policy 1)
Dro. InProf            : 0              0
Dro. OutProf           : 0              0
For. InProf            : 0              0
For. OutProf           : 0              0
-----
Sap per Queue Stats
-----
                        Packets          Octets

Ingress Queue 1 (Unicast) (Priority)
Off. HiPrio            : 0              0
Off. LoPrio            : 0              0
Dro. HiPrio            : 0              0
Dro. LoPrio            : 0              0
For. InProf            : 0              0
For. OutProf           : 0              0

```

## sdp

**Syntax** **sdp** {*sdp-id* | **far-end** *ip-address*} [**interval** *seconds*] [**repeat** *repeat*] [**absolute** | **rate**]

**Context** monitor>service>id *service-id*

**Description** This command monitors statistics for a SDP binding associated with this service.

**Parameters** *sdp-id* — Specify the SDP identifier.

**Values** 1 — 17407

**far-end** *ip-address* — The system address of the far-end SR OS router for the SDP in dotted decimal notation.

**interval** *seconds* — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.

## Monitor CLI Commands

**Default** 11 seconds

**Values** 11 — 60

**repeat** *repeat* — Configures how many times the command is repeated.

**Default** 10

**Values** 1 — 999

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the absolute rate-per-second value for each statistic is displayed.

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-12# monitor service id 100 sdp 10 repeat 3
=====
Monitor statistics for Service 100 SDP binding 10
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
I. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               I. Dro. Pkts.   : 0
E. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               E. Fwd. Octets  : 0
-----
At time t = 11 sec (Mode: Delta)
-----
I. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               I. Dro. Pkts.   : 0
E. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               E. Fwd. Octets  : 0
-----
At time t = 22 sec (Mode: Delta)
-----
I. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               I. Dro. Pkts.   : 0
E. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               E. Fwd. Octets  : 0
-----
At time t = 33 sec (Mode: Delta)
-----
I. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               I. Dro. Pkts.   : 0
E. Fwd. Pkts.   : 0                               E. Fwd. Octets  : 0
=====
A:ALA-12#
```

## vrrp

**Syntax** vrrp

**Context** monitor>router

**Description** This command enables the context to configure criteria to monitor VRRP statistical information for a VRRP enabled on a specific interface.

## instance

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>instance interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> <b>vr-id</b> <i>virtual-router-id</i> [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ] [ <b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> ] [ <b>absolute</b>   <b>rate</b> ]
<b>Context</b>	monitor>router>vrrp
<b>Description</b>	Monitor statistics for a VRRP instance.
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><i>interface-name</i> — The name of the existing IP interface on which VRRP is configured.</p> <p><b>vr-id</b> <i>virtual-router-id</i> — The virtual router ID for the existing IP interface, expressed as a decimal integer.</p> <p><b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> — Configures the interval for each display in seconds.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 5 seconds</p> <p><b>Values</b> 3 — 60</p> <p><b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> — Configures how many times the command is repeated.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 10</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 — 999</p> <p><b>absolute</b> — When the <b>absolute</b> keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.</p> <p><b>rate</b> — When the <b>rate</b> keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.</p>

## subscriber

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>subscriber</b> <i>sub-ident-string</i> <b>sap</b> <i>sap-id</i> <b>sla-profile</b> <i>sla-profile-name</i> [ <b>base</b>   <b>ingress-queue-id</b> <i>ingress-queue-id</i>   <b>egress-queue-id</b> <i>egress-queue-id</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ] [ <b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> ] [ <b>absolute</b>   <b>rate</b> ]
<b>Context</b>	monitor>service
<b>Description</b>	This command monitors statistics for a subscriber.
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>sub-ident-string</b> — Specifies an existing subscriber identification profile to monitor.</p> <p><b>sap</b> <i>sap-id</i> — Specifies the physical port identifier portion of the SAP definition.</p> <p><b>Values</b> dcli 16 — 1022</p> <p><b>sla-profile</b> <i>sla-profile-name</i> — Specifies an existing SLA profile.</p> <p><b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> — Configures the interval for each display in seconds</p> <p><b>Default</b> 11</p> <p><b>Values</b> 11 — 60</p> <p><b>repeat</b> <i>repeat</i> — Configures how many times the command is repeated.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 10</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 — 999</p>

## Monitor CLI Commands

**absolute** — When the **absolute** keyword is specified, the raw statistics are displayed, without processing. No calculations are performed on the delta or rate statistics.

**Default** mode delta

**rate** — When the **rate** keyword is specified, the rate-per-second for each statistic is displayed instead of the delta.

**base** — Monitor base statistics.

**ingress-queue-id** *ingress-queue-id* — Monitors statistics for this queue.

**Values** 1 — 32

**egress-queue-id** *egress-queue-id* — Monitors statistics for this queue.

**Values** 1 — 8

### Sample Output

```
A:Dut-A# monitor service subscriber alcatel_100 sap 1/2/1:101 sla-profile sla_default
=====
Monitor statistics for Subscriber alcatel_100
=====
At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)
-----
SLA Profile Instance statistics
-----

```

	Packets	Octets
Off. HiPrio	: 0	0
Off. LowPrio	: 94531	30704535
Off. Uncolor	: 0	0

```

Queueing Stats (Ingress QoS Policy 1000)
Dro. HiPrio      : 0
Dro. LowPrio    : 7332
For. InProf     : 0
For. OutProf    : 87067

```

	Packets	Octets
Dro. HiPrio	: 0	0
Dro. LowPrio	: 7332	2510859
For. InProf	: 0	0
For. OutProf	: 87067	28152288

```

Queueing Stats (Egress QoS Policy 1000)
Dro. InProf     : 880
Dro. OutProf    : 0
For. InProf     : 90862
For. OutProf    : 0

```

	Packets	Octets
Dro. InProf	: 880	127660
Dro. OutProf	: 0	0
For. InProf	: 90862	12995616
For. OutProf	: 0	0

```

SLA Profile Instance per Queue statistics
-----

```

	Packets	Octets
Ingress Queue 1 (Unicast) (Priority)		
Off. HiPrio	: 0	0
Off. LowPrio	: 0	0
Off. Uncolor	: 0	0
Dro. HiPrio	: 0	0
Dro. LowPrio	: 0	0
For. InProf	: 0	0
For. OutProf	: 0	0

```

Ingress Queue 2 (Unicast) (Priority)
Off. HiPrio     : 0
Off. LowPrio    : 94531

```

	Packets	Octets
Off. HiPrio	: 0	0
Off. LowPrio	: 94531	30704535



```

Off. Uncolor          : 0                0
Dro. HiPrio           : 0                0
Dro. LowPrio          : 7332             2510859
For. InProf           : 0                0
For. OutProf          : 87067            28152288

```

Ingress Queue 3 (Unicast) (Priority)

```

Off. HiPrio           : 0                0
Off. LowPrio          : 0                0
Off. Uncolor          : 0                0
Dro. HiPrio           : 0                0
Dro. LowPrio          : 0                0
For. InProf           : 0                0
For. OutProf          : 0                0

```

Ingress Queue 11 (Multipoint) (Priority)

```

Off. HiPrio           : 0                0
Off. LowPrio          : 0                0
Off. Uncolor          : 0                0
Dro. HiPrio           : 0                0
Dro. LowPrio          : 0                0
For. InProf           : 0                0
For. OutProf          : 0                0

```

Egress Queue 1

```

Dro. InProf           : 880              127660
Dro. OutProf          : 0                0
For. InProf           : 90862            12995616
For. OutProf          : 0                0

```

Egress Queue 2

```

Dro. InProf           : 0                0
Dro. OutProf          : 0                0
For. InProf           : 0                0
For. OutProf          : 0                0

```

Egress Queue 3

```

Dro. InProf           : 0                0
Dro. OutProf          : 0                0
For. InProf           : 0                0
For. OutProf          : 0                0

```

=====  
A:Dut-A#

A:Dut-A# monitor service subscriber alcatel\_100 sap 1/2/1:101 sla-profile sla\_default base rate

=====  
Monitor statistics for Subscriber alcatel\_100  
=====

At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)

-----  
SLA Profile Instance statistics  
-----

	Packets	Octets
Off. HiPrio	: 0	0
Off. LowPrio	: 109099	35427060
Off. Uncolor	: 0	0
Queueing Stats (Ingress QoS Policy 1000)		
Dro. HiPrio	: 0	0
Dro. LowPrio	: 8449	2894798

## Monitor CLI Commands

```

For. InProf          : 0                      0
For. OutProf         : 100523                 32489663
Queueing Stats (Egress QoS Policy 1000)
Dro. InProf         : 880                    127660
Dro. OutProf        : 0                      0
For. InProf         : 105578                 15104553
For. OutProf        : 0                      0

```

-----  
At time t = 11 sec (Mode: Rate)  
-----

SLA Profile Instance statistics  
-----

	Packets	Octets	% Port Util.
Off. HiPrio	: 0	0	0.00
Off. LowPrio	: 1469	477795	0.38
Off. Uncolor	: 0	0	0.00
Queueing Stats (Ingress QoS Policy 1000)			
Dro. HiPrio	: 0	0	0.00
Dro. LowPrio	: 119	40691	0.03
For. InProf	: 0	0	0.00
For. OutProf	: 1349	437350	0.34
Queueing Stats (Egress QoS Policy 1000)			
Dro. InProf	: 0	0	0.00
Dro. OutProf	: 0	0	0.00
For. InProf	: 1469	209129	0.16
For. OutProf	: 0	0	0.00

=====  
A:Dut-A#

```

A:Dut-A# monitor service subscriber alcatel_100 sap 1/2/1:101 sla-profile sla_default
ingress-queue-id 1

```

=====  
Monitor statistics for Subscriber alcatel\_100  
=====

At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)  
-----

	Packets	Octets
Ingress Queue 1 (Unicast) (Priority)		
Off. HiPrio	: 0	0
Off. LowPrio	: 0	0
Off. Uncolor	: 0	0
Dro. HiPrio	: 0	0
Dro. LowPrio	: 0	0
For. InProf	: 0	0
For. OutProf	: 0	0

=====  
A:Dut-A#

```

A:Dut-A# monitor service subscriber alcatel_100 sap 1/2/1:101 sla-profile sla_default
egress-queue-id 1

```

=====  
Monitor statistics for Subscriber alcatel\_100  
-----

At time t = 0 sec (Base Statistics)  
-----

	Packets	Octets
Egress Queue 1		
Dro. InProf	: 880	127660

```
Dro. OutProf      : 0                0  
For. InProf      : 164366           23506178  
For. OutProf     : 0                0
```

=====  
A:Dut-A#

---

## Candidate Commands

### candidate

**Syntax** `candidate`

**Context** `<root>`

**Description** This command enables the context to edit candidate configurations.  
Commands in the **candidate** CLI branch, except **candidate edit**, are available only when in edit-cfg mode.

### edit

**Syntax** `edit [exclusive]`

**Context** `candidate`

**Description** This command enables the edit-cfg mode where changes can be made to the candidate configuration and sets the edit-point to the end of the candidate. In edit-cfg mode the CLI prompt contains **edit-cfg** near the root of the prompt. Commands in the **candidate** CLI branch, except **candidate edit**, are available only when in edit-cfg mode.

**Parameters** **exclusive** — Allows a user to exclusively create a candidate configuration by blocking other users (and other sessions of the same user) from entering edit-cfg mode. Exclusive edit-cfg mode can only be entered if the candidate configuration is empty and no user is in edit-cfg mode. Once a user is in exclusive edit-cfg mode no other users/sessions are allowed in edit-cfg mode. The user must either commit or discard the exclusive candidate before leaving exclusive edit-cfg mode. If the CLI session times out while a user is in exclusive edit-cfg mode then the contents of the candidate are discarded. The **admin disconnect** command can be used to force a user to disconnect (and to clear the contents of the candidate) if they have the candidate locked.

### commit

**Syntax** `commit [confirmed timeout] [comment comment]`  
`commit no-checkpoint [confirmed timeout]`

**Context** `candidate`

**Description** This command applies the changes in the candidate configuration to the active running configuration. The candidate changes will take operational effect.

If a commit operation is successful then all of the candidate changes will take operational effect and the candidate is cleared. If there is an error in the processing of the commit, or a 'commit confirmed' is not confirmed and an auto-revert occurs, then the router will return to a configuration state with none of the candidate changes applied. The operator can then continue editing the candidate and try a commit later.

By default SR OS will automatically create a new rollback checkpoint after a commit operation. The rollback checkpoint will contain the new configuration changes made by the commit. An optional **no-checkpoint** keyword can be used to avoid the auto-creation of a rollback checkpoint after a commit.

A commit operation is blocked if a rollback revert is currently being processed.

**Parameters** **confirmed** — Specifies that the commit operation (if successful) should be automatically reverted (undone) at the end of the timeout period unless the operator issues the confirm command before the timeout period expires. A rollback checkpoint is created after the commit operation (if successful) and will remain available whether the commit is auto-reverted or not. The contents of the candidate will remain visible (candidate view) and changes to the candidate are blocked until the timeout is completed or the candidate confirm command is executed. If the timeout expires and an auto-revert occurs, then the original candidate config will be available in edit-cfg mode.

Standard line-by-line non-transactional configuration commands (including via SNMP) are not blocked during the countdown period and any changes made to the configuration during the countdown period will be rolled back if the timeout expires. The confirmed option is useful when changes are being made that could impact management reachability to the router.

A rollback revert is blocked during the countdown period until the commit has been confirmed.

*timeout* — The auto-revert timeout period in minutes.

**Values** 1 — 168

**no-checkpoint** — Used to avoid the automatic creation of a rollback checkpoint for a successful commit.

**comment** *comment* — Adds a comment up to 255 characters in length to the automatic rollback checkpoint.

## confirm

**Syntax** **confirm**

**Context** candidate

**Description** This command is used to stop an automatic reversion to the previous configuration after the **candidate commit confirmed** command was used. If the confirm command is not executed before the commit confirmed timeout period expires then the previous commit changes will be undone and the previous candidate configuration will be available for editing and a subsequent commit.

During the countdown the contents of the candidate will remain visible (candidate view) and changes to the candidate are blocked until the timeout is completed or the candidate confirm command is executed. Executing the confirm command clears the contents of the candidate and allows editing of the candidate.

## copy

**Syntax** **copy [line]**

**Context** candidate

**Description** This command copies the selected CLI node (which includes all sub-branches) into a temporary buffer that can be used for a subsequent insert. The contents of the temporary buffer are deleted when the operator exits the candidate edit mode.

## Candidate Commands

<b>Parameters</b>	<b>line</b> —
<b>Values</b>	line, offset, first, edit-point last line Absolute line number. offset Relative line number to current edit point. Prefixed with '+' or '-' first Keyword - first line edit-point Keyword - current edit point last Keyword - last line that is not 'exit'

### delete

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>delete [line]</b>
<b>Context</b>	candidate
<b>Description</b>	This command deletes the selected CLI node (which includes all sub-branches). The deleted lines are also copied into a temporary buffer that can be used for a subsequent insert.
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>line</b> —
<b>Values</b>	line, offset, first, edit-point last line Absolute line number. offset Relative line number to current edit point. Prefixed with '+' or '-'. first Keyword - first line edit-point Keyword - current edit point last Keyword - last line that is not 'exit'

### discard

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>discard [now]</b>
<b>Context</b>	candidate
<b>Description</b>	This command deletes the entire contents of the candidate configuration and exits the edit-cfg mode. Undo cannot be used to recover a candidate that has been discarded with <b>candidate discard</b> .
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>now</b> — Avoids a confirmation prompt for the discard.

### goto

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>goto line</b>
<b>Context</b>	candidate
<b>Description</b>	This command changes the edit point of the candidate configuration. The edit point is the point after which new commands are inserted into the candidate configuration as an operator navigates the CLI and issues commands in edit-cfg mode.

**Parameters** line —

**Values** line, offset, first, edit-point last  
 line Absolute line number.  
 offset Relative line number to current edit point. Prefixed with '+' or '-'.  
 first Keyword - first line  
 edit-point Keyword - current edit point  
 last Keyword - last line that is not 'exit'

## insert

**Syntax** insert [line]

**Context** candidate

**Description** This command inserts the contents of the temporary buffer (populated by a previous copy or delete command) into the candidate configuration. The contents are inserted by default after the current edit point. Optional parameters allow the insertion after some other point of the candidate. The contents of the temporary buffer are deleted when the operator exits candidate edit mode.

Insertions are context-aware. The temporary buffer always stores the CLI context (such as the current CLI branch) for each line deleted or copied. If the lines to be inserted are supported at the context of the insertion point then the lines are simply inserted into the configuration. If the lines to be inserted are not supported at the context of the insertion point, then the context at the insertion point is first closed using multiple exit statements, the context of the lines to be inserted is built (added) into the candidate at the insertion point, then the lines themselves are added, the context of the inserted lines is closed using exit statements and finally the context from the original insertion point is built again leaving the context at the same point as it was before the insertion.

**Parameters** line —

**Values** line, offset, first, edit-point last  
 line Absolute line number.  
 offset Relative line number to current edit point. Prefixed with '+' or '-'.  
 first Keyword - first line  
 edit-point Keyword - current edit point  
 last Keyword - last line that is not 'exit'

## load

**Syntax** load file-url [overwrite | insert | append]

**Context** candidate

**Description** This command loads a previously saved candidate configuration into the current candidate. The edit point will be set to the end of the loaded configuration lines. The candidate configuration cannot be modified while a load is in progress.

**Default** If the candidate is empty then a load without any of the optional parameters (such as overwrite, etc) will simply load the file-url into the candidate. If the candidate is not empty then one of the options, such as overwrite, insert, etc., must be specified.

## Candidate Commands

- Parameters**
- file-url** — The directory and filename to load.
  - overwrite** — Discards the contents of the current candidate and replace it with the contents of the file.
  - insert** — Inserts the contents of the file at the current edit point.
  - append** — Inserts the contents of the file at the end of the current candidate.

## quit

- Syntax** **quit**
- Context** candidate
- Description** This command exits the edit-cfg mode. The contents of the current candidate will not be deleted and the operator can continue editing the candidate later.

## redo

- Syntax** **redo** [*count*]
- Context** candidate
- Description** This command reapplies the changes to the candidate that were removed using a previous undo. All undo/redo history is lost when the operator exists edit-cfg mode.
- A **redo** command is blocked if another user has made changes in the same CLI branches that would be impacted during the redo.
- Parameters**
- count** — The number of previous changes to reapply.
    - Values** 1 — 50
    - Default** 1

## replace

- Syntax** **replace** [*line*]
- Context** candidate
- Description** This command displays the specified line (a single line only) and allows it to be changed.
- Parameters** **line** —
- Values** line, offset, first, edit-point last
    - line Absolute line number.
    - offset Relative line number to current edit point. Prefixed with '+' or '-'.
    - first Keyword - first line
    - edit-point Keyword - current edit point
    - last Keyword - last line that is not 'exit'



## save

**Syntax** `save file-url`

**Context** candidate

**Description** This command saves the current candidate to a file.

**Parameters** *file-url* — The directory and filename,

## undo

**Syntax** `undo [count]`

**Context** candidate

**Description** This command removes the most recent change(s) done to the candidate. The changes can be reapplied using the redo command. All undo/redo history is lost when the operator exists edit-cfg mode. Undo can not be used to recover a candidate that has been discarded with **candidate discard**.

An undo command is blocked if another user has made changes in the same CLI branches that would be impacted during the undo.

**Parameters** **count** — The number of previous changes to remove.

**Values** 1 — 50

**Default** 1

## view

**Syntax** `view [line]`

**Context** candidate

**Description** This command displays the candidate configuration along with line numbers that can be used for editing the candidate configuration.

**Parameters** **line** — displays the candidate starting at the point indicated by the following options (the display is not limited to the current CLI context/branch)

**Values** line, offset, first, edit-point last

- line Absolute line number.
- offset Relative line number to current edit point. Prefixed with '+' or '-'.
- first Keyword - first line
- edit-point Keyword - current edit point
- last Keyword - last line that is not 'exit'

## info operational

## Candidate Commands

**Syntax** `info {operational}`

**Context** `<root>`

**Description** In edit-cfg mode, the operational keyword is mandatory when using the **info** command.

## candidate

**Syntax** `candidate`

**Context** `show>system`

**Description** This command shows candidate configuration information.

**Output** **Candidate Output** — The following table describes the candidate output fields.

Label	Description
Candidate configuration state	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• empty — Indicates there are no uncommitted changes in the candidate config.</li><li>• modified — Indicates there are uncommitted changes in the candidate config.</li><li>• unconfirmed — Indicates there are no uncommitted changes in the candidate config but the result of the last commit will be auto-reverted unless it is confirmed before the timeout expires.</li></ul>
Num editors/viewers	The number of CLI sessions currently in edit-cfg mode.
Candidate cfg exclusive locked	Indicates if a user has exclusively locked the candidate using the <b>candidate edit exclusive</b> command.
Last commit state	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• none , — Indicates there have been no commits since the last reboot of the node.</li><li>• in-progress — Indicates the system is currently committing the candidate config.</li><li>• success — Indicates the last commit finished successfully.</li><li>• revert-pending — Indicates the last commit finished successfully but has not been confirmed yet, and will be auto-reverted if it is not confirmed before the timeout expires.</li><li>• failed — Indicates the last commit failed and has been undone.</li><li>• revert-in-progress — Indicates the last commit finished successfully but was not confirmed in time and is currently being reverted.</li><li>• reverted — Indicates the last commit finished successfully but was not confirmed in time and has been reverted.</li><li>• revert-failed — Indicates the last commit finished successfully but was not confirmed in time and the system attempted to revert it but failed.</li></ul>
Last commit time	The time at which the last commit attempt was started.
Checkpoint created with last commit	indicates if a rollback checkpoint was created after the previous commit completed.

Label	Description (Continued)
Scheduled revert time	Used to indicate the currently scheduled auto-revert time based on the confirmed option being used with a candidate commit.
Last commit revert time	The time the commit was last reverted.
Users in edit-cfg mode	Lists all the user sessions that are currently in edit-cfg mode.
Type (from)	Indicates the type of session (such as Console, Telnet, etc.) and also the source of the session (such as the the source IP address of the remote host).

### Sample Output

```
*A:bksim3107# show system candidate
```

```
=====
Candidate Config Information
=====
```

```
Candidate configuration state      : modified
Num editors/viewers               : 0
Candidate cfg exclusive locked    : no
Last commit state                 : revert-failed
Last commit time                  : 10/23/2012 17:21:47
Checkpoint created with last commit : yes
Scheduled revert time             : N/A
Last commit revert time           : 10/23/2012 17:22:47
```

```
=====
Users in edit-cfg mode
=====
```

```
Username      Type (from)
=====
admin         Console
Joris         Telnet (172.31.117.239)
=====
```

---

## Rollback Commands

### compare

**Syntax**     **compare** [*to source2*]  
**compare** *source1 to source2*

**Context**     admin  
 admin>rollback  
 config>*xx* (where *xx* is any sub-branch at any level below config, but not at the config context itself)

**Description**     This command displays the differences between rollback checkpoints and the active operational configuration, with *source1* as the base/first file to which *source2* is compared.

A compare operation does not check authorization of each line of output. Permission to execute the compare operation from the “admin” branch of CLI (authorization for the **admin rollback compare** or **admin compare** command itself) should only be given to users who are allowed to view the entire configuration, similar to permissions for **admin display-config**.

**Parameters**     *source1, source2* — Specifies comparison information.

**Values**     **active-cfg** — The currently operational configuration that is active in the node.  
**latest-rb** — The most recent rollback checkpoint (the checkpoint file at the configured rollback-location with “\*.rb” as the suffix).  
**rescue** — The rescue configuration (at the configured rescue-location).  
*checkpoint-id* — An id from [1 ..max] indicating a specific rollback checkpoint (where max is the highest checkpoint allowed/configured). A checkpoint-id of 1 indicates the rollback checkpoint file (at the configured rollback-location) with “\*.rb.1” as the suffix, 2 for file “\*.rb.2”, etc.

**Default**     The defaults for *source1* and *source2* are context aware and differ based on the branch in which the command is executed. In general, the default for *source1* matches the context from which the command is issued.

- In the admin node: No defaults. *source1* and *source2* must be specified.
- In the admin>rollback node:
  - source1 default = active-cfg, source2 default = latest-rb
  - compare: Equivalent to “compare active-cfg to latest-rb”
  - compare to source2: Equivalent to “compare active-cfg to source2”
- In a config>*xx* node:
  - compare to source2: Equivalent to “compare active-cfg to source2”

### delete

**Syntax** `delete {latest-rb| checkpoint-id | rescue}`

**Context** admin>rollback

**Description** This command deletes a rollback checkpoint and causes the suffixes to be adjusted (decremented) for all checkpoints older than the one that was deleted (to close the “hole” in the list of checkpoint files and create room to create another checkpoint).

If “**config redundancy rollback-sync**” is enabled, a rollback delete will also delete the equivalent checkpoint on the standby CF and shuffle the suffixes on the standby CF.

It is not advised to manually delete a rollback checkpoint (for example, using a "file delete" command). If a rollback checkpoint file is manually deleted without using the "admin rollback delete" command then the suffixes of the checkpoint files are NOT shuffled, nor is the equivalent checkpoint file deleted from the standby CF. This manual deletion creates a “hole” in the checkpoint file list until enough new checkpoints have been created to roll the “hole” off the end of the list.

**Default** none

**Parameters** **latest-rb** — Specifies the most recently created rollback checkpoint (corresponds to the file-url.rb rollback checkpoint file).

*checkpoint-id* — An id from [1 ..max] indicating a specific rollback checkpoint (where max is the highest checkpoint allowed/configured). A checkpoint-id of 1 indicates the rollback checkpoint file (at the configured rollback-location) with “\*.rb.1” as the suffix, 2 for file “\*.rb.2”, etc.

**rescue** — Deletes the rescue checkpoint. No checkpoint suffix numbers are changed.

## revert

**Syntax** `revert [latest-rb| checkpoint-id | rescue] [now]`

**Context** admin>rollback

**Description** This command initiates a configuration rollback revert operation that will return the configuration state of the node to a previously saved checkpoint. The rollback revert minimizes impacts to running services. There are no impacts in areas of configuration that did not change since the checkpoint. Configuration parameters that changed (or items on which changed configuration have dependencies) are first removed (revert to default) and the previous values are then restored (can be briefly service impacting in changed areas).

**Parameters** **latest-rb** — Specifies the most recently created rollback checkpoint (corresponds to the file-url.rb rollback checkpoint file).

*checkpoint-id* — >Indicates the configuration to return to (which rollback checkpoint file to use).

Checkpoint-id of “1” corresponds to the file-url.rb.1 rollback checkpoint file. The higher the id, the older the checkpoint. Max is the highest rollback checkpoint supported or configured.

**Values** 1—max, where max is the number of configured checkpoints minus 1 (since, for example, the 10th checkpoint has an id of 9)

**rescue** — Revert to the rescue checkpoint.

**now** — Forces a rollback revert without any interactive confirmations (assumes ‘y’ for any confirmations that would have occurred).

### save (rollback)

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>save</b> [ <b>rescue</b> ] [ <b>comment</b> <i>comment-string</i> ]
<b>Context</b>	admin>rollback
<b>Description</b>	<p>If the optional “rescue” keyword is not used, this command saves a rollback checkpoint at the location and with the filename specified by the rollback-location with a suffix of “.rb”. The previously saved checkpoints will have their suffixes incremented by one (.rb.1 becomes .rb.2, etc). If there are already as many checkpoint files as the maximum number supported, then the last checkpoint file is deleted.</p> <p>If the “rescue” keyword is used, then this command saves the current operational configuration as a rescue configuration at the location and with the filename specified by the rescue-location. The filename will have the suffix “.rc” appended.</p>
<b>Default</b>	none
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><i>comment-string</i> — A comment of up to 255 characters in length that is associated with the checkpoint.</p> <p><b>rescue</b> — Save the rescue checkpoint instead of a normal rollback checkpoint.</p>

### view

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>view</b> [ <b>latest-rb</b>   <i>checkpoint-id</i>   <b>rescue</b> ]
<b>Context</b>	admin>rollback
<b>Description</b>	This command displays checkpoint..
<b>Default</b>	none
<b>Parameters</b>	<p><b>latest-rb</b> — Specifies the most recently created rollback checkpoint (corresponds to the file-url.rb rollback checkpoint file).</p> <p><i>checkpoint-id</i> — &gt;Indicates rollback checkpoint file to be viewed. Checkpoint-id of “1” corresponds to the file-url.rb.1 rollback checkpoint file. The higher the id, the older the checkpoint. Max is the highest rollback checkpoint supported or configured.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1..max</p> <p><b>rescue</b> — View the rescue configuration.</p>

### view

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>view</b> { <b>bootup-cfg</b>   <b>active-cfg</b>   <b>candidate-cfg</b>   <b>latest-rb</b>   <i>checkpoint-id</i>   <b>rescue</b> }
<b>Context</b>	<ROOT>
<b>Description</b>	The context to configure administrative system viewing parameters. Only authorized users can execute the commands in the <b>admin</b> context.
<b>Default</b>	none
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>bootup-cfg</b> — Specifies the bootup configuration.

**active-cfg** — Specifies current running configuration.

**candidate-cfg** — Specifies candidate configuration.

**latest-rb** — Specifies the latest configuration.

*checkpoint-id* — Specifies a specific checkpoint file configuration.

**Values** 1 — 9

**rescue** — Specifies a rescue checkpoint configuration.

## rollback-location

**Syntax** **rollback-location** *file-url/rollback filename*

**Context** config>system>rollback

**Description** The location and name of the rollback checkpoint files is configurable to be local (on compact flash) or remote. The file-url must not contain a suffix (just a path/directory + filename). The suffixes for rollback checkpoint files are “.rb”, “.rb.1”, ..., “.rb.9” and are automatically appended to rollback checkpoint files.

**Default** None. A valid rollback-location must be configured before a rollback save is executed.

**Values** <file-url>

<local-url>|<remote-url>

local-url [*<cflash-id>/*][*<file-path>*] 200 chars max, including cflash-id  
directory length 99 chars max each

remote-url [ {ftp://} <login>: <pswd>@ <remote-locn> / ][ <file-path> ]  
255 chars max directory length 99 chars max each

remote-locn [ <hostname> | <ipv4-address> | <ipv6-address> ]

ipv4-address a.b.c.d

ipv6-address x:x:x:x:x:x[-interface]

x:x:x:x:x:x.d.d.d.d[-interface]

x - [0..FFFF]H

d - [0..255]D

interface - 32 chars max, for link local addresses

cflash-id cf1:|cf1-A:|cf1-B:|cf2:|cf2-A:|cf2-B:| cf3:|cf3-A:|cf3-B:

<rollback filename> suffixed with .rb, .rb.1 up to .9 during rollback checkpoint creation

## rescue-location

**Syntax** **no rescue-location** *file-url*

**Context** config>system>rollback

**Description** The location and filename of the rescue configuration is configurable to be local (on compact flash) or remote. The suffix “.rc” will be automatically appended to the filename when a rescue configuration file is saved. Trivial FTP (tftp) is not supported for remote locations.

**Default** None. A valid rescue-location must be configured before a rescue configuration is saved.

**Parameters** *file-url* — Specifies the URL.

## Rollback Commands

<b>Values</b>	<file-url>
	<local-url> <remote-url>
local-url	[<cflash-id>/][<file-path>] 200 chars max, including cflash-id directory length 99 chars max each
remote-url	[{ftp://}<login>:<pswd>@ <remote-locn>/][<file-path>] 255 chars max directory length 99 chars max each
remote-locn	[ <hostname>   <ipv4-address>   <ipv6-address> ]
ipv4-address	a.b.c.d
ipv6-address	x:x:x:x:x:x:x[-interface] x:x:x:x:x:d.d.d.d[-interface] x - [0..FFFF]H d - [0..255]D interface - 32 chars max, for link local addresses
cflash-id	cf1: cf1-A: cf1-B: cf2: cf2-A: cf2-B:  cf3: cf3-A: cf3-B:
<rescue filename>	suffixed with .rc during rescue file creation

### local-max-checkpoints

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>local-max-checkpoints</b> <1..50>
<b>Context</b>	config>system>rollback
<b>Description</b>	Configures the maximum number of rollback checkpoint files when the rollback-location is on local compact flash.
<b>Default</b>	10

### remote-max-checkpoints

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>remote-max-checkpoints</b> <1..200>
<b>Context</b>	config>system>rollback
<b>Description</b>	Configures the maximum number of rollback checkpoint files when the rollback-location is remote (e.g. ftp).
<b>Default</b>	10



---

# Management Infrastructure Control Commands

## management

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>management {cli}</b>
<b>Context</b>	config>system
<b>Description</b>	This command enables the context to configure management interface parameters.
<b>Default</b>	No default
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>cli</b> — Allows configuration of parameters related to basic CLI commands for datastore infrastructure operation and behavior.

## configuration

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>configuration</b>
<b>Context</b>	config>system>management
<b>Description</b>	This command enables the context to configure parameters related to configuration data.

## immediate

<b>Syntax</b>	<b>[no] immediate</b>
<b>Context</b>	config>system>management>configuration
<b>Description</b>	<p>This command enables writeable access in the <b>configure</b> CLI branch.</p> <p>The <b>no</b> form of this command, when configured under the <b>management cli</b> context, blocks writeable access and configuration changes in the <b>configure</b> CLI branch. This causes the running configuration datastore from the <b>configure</b> CLI branch to be read-only.</p> <p>This command can be used to enforce the use of candidate configuration and the <b>commit</b> command, instead of allowing immediate mode line-by-line configuration changes.</p>
<b>Default</b>	<b>immediate</b> (configuration changes are allowed in the <b>configure</b> CLI branch)

# Show Commands

## alias

**Syntax** alias

**Context** <root>

**Description** This command displays a list of existing aliases.

**Output** **Show Alias Fields** — The following table describes alias output fields.

**Table 19: Show Alias Output Fields**

Label	Description
Alias-Name	Displays the name of the alias.
Alias-command-name	The command and parameter syntax that define the alias.
Number of aliases	The total number of aliases configured on the router.

### Sample Output

```
A:ALA-103>config>system# show alias
=====
Alias-Name                Alias-command-name
=====
sri                        show router interface
sse                        show service service-using epipe
ssvpls                     show service service-using vpls
ssvprn                     show service service-using vprn
ssi                        show service service-using ies
-----
Number of aliases : 5
=====
A:ALA-103>config>system#
```