

## Configuring Video Service Components with CLI

This section provides information to configure RET/FCC using the command line interface.

Topics in this section include:

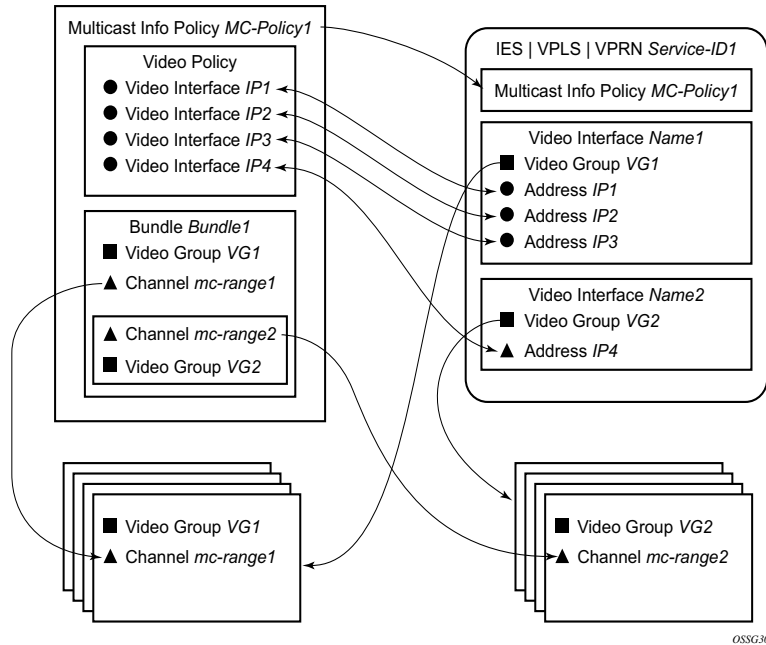
- [Video Services Overview on page 643](#)
  - [Sample Configurations on page 649](#)
  - [Configuring RET/FCC Video Features in the CLI on page 656](#)
  - [Configuring ADI Components with CLI on page 669](#)
- 

### Video Services Overview

There can be a maximum of eight ISA-MSs in a given system. The main entities of video configurations are:

- Video group
- Multicast information policy
  - A video policy to configure video interface properties
  - Multicast bundles and channels to associate bundles/channels with video groups
- Within a service, configuring a video interfaces and their associations with video groups.

[Figure 51](#) shows various configuration elements and how they are associated by configuration.



**Figure 51: Video Services Configuration Elements**

Note that a video interface within a service can have multiple IP address, and their association with the video interfaces within the video policy are based on IP addresses. Support for multiple video interface IP addresses for a given video interface allows video characteristics (burst rate, retransmission format, etc.) for the channels associated with the video interface to be based on the IP address on which the request is received.

Both the bundle/channel configuration and the video interface configuration within the service are associated with a specific video group. If the request is received on a video interface for a channel not serviced by the video group associated with the video interface, the request is invalid and is dropped. [Figure 51](#) displays an example of this is a request for mc-range2 received on IP1, IP2 or IP3. A request for mc-range2 would only be valid on IP4.

As with other multicast information policies, the bundle name default is a special bundle and is reserved for setting of default values. If a video parameter is not explicitly set in a bundle/channel, the value set in the default bundle is used.

## Configuring an ISA-MS Module

The ISA-MS hardware has an MDA form factor and is provisioned in the same manner as other MDAs in the `config>card>mda>mda-type` context.

Use the following commands to configure a ISA-MS module.

**CLI Syntax:**

```
config
  card slot-number
    mda slot-number
      mda-type isa-ms
```

The following output displays an ISA-MS configuration example:

```
*A:Dut-C>config>card# info
-----
card-type iom2-20g
mda 1
  mda-type isa-ms
exit
mda 2
  mda-type isa-ms
exit
-----
*A:Dut-C>config>card#
```

## Configuring a Video Group

When used for video services, ISA-MSEs are logically grouped into video groups that pool the ISA buffering and processing resources into a single logical entity.

Use the following commands to configure a video group.

**CLI Syntax:**

```
config
  isa
    video-group video-group-id [create]
      description description-string
      primary mda-id
      [no] shutdown
```

The example shown below shows video-group 1 with a single ISA configured in slot 2/MDA 1.

```
*A:Dut-C>config>isa# info
=====
video-group 1 create
  description "Video Group 1"
  primary 7/2
  no shutdown
exit
=====
*A:Dut-C>config>isa#
```

Within the video group configuration, there are specific video application commands to enable features. These commands are described in the configuration examples for the application. Depending on the video application, more than one primary ISA-MS is allowed increasing the egress capacity of the video group.

Note: ISA-MS in a single video group cannot be on the same IOM. An IOM can accommodate two ISA-MS modules provided that the ISA-MS are members of different video groups.

## Configuring a Video SAP and Video Interface in a Service

Video features in a VPLS service require the creation of a video SAP and a video interface. A video SAP is similar to other SAPs in the system in that QoS and filter policies can be associated with the SAP on ingress (traffic leaving the ISA and ingressing the system) and egress (traffic leaving system and entering the ISA).

Note that the video SAP is associated with a video group. Channels are also associated with a video group which is what establishes the link between what channels can be referenced through the video SAP. The multicast information policy associated with the service is where the channel to video group association is defined.

For unicast VPLS services that have an associated multicast service that is cross connected downstream of the router, the multicast service needs to be identified by the service ID in the unicast VPLS service.

The video commands for are identical in the IES and VPRN service contexts. The basic IES and VPRN commands are similar to the video commands in the VPLS context and follow the same logic of associating the video SAP with a video group and the multicast information policy defining the channel to video group association.

Another parameter defined for a channel in the multicast information policy that is important for video services is the administrative bandwidth defined for the channel. Many video applications use the bandwidth to determine if sufficient ISA egress bandwidth exists to service or drop a service request.

The following output displays an example video interface configuration.

```
A:IPTV-SR7>config>service>ies# info
-----
      video-interface "video-100" create
        video-sap 4
        exit
        address 1.1.1.254/8
        address 100.100.0.254/8
        address 101.1.1.254/24
        adi
          channel 234.4.5.228 source 195.168.9.10 channel-name "228"
            scte35-action drop
            zone-channel 234.4.5.228 source 100.100.100.1 adi-channel-name "228-
1"
          exit
          scte30
            ad-server 10.200.14.2
            local-address control 100.1.1.2 data 100.1.1.3
          exit
        exit
-----
A:IPTV-SR7>config>service>ies#
```

## Basic Multicast Information Policy Configuration

Multicast information policies are used by the video applications to define multicast channel attributes and video policies which contains application-specific configuration for a video interface IP address.

Note that it is within the multicast information policy bundles, channels and source-overrides that a video group is assigned to a channel. The video group association is inherited from the more general construct unless it is explicitly disabled.

The administrative bandwidth for channels at the bundle, channel or source-override level is also defined in the multicast information policy. Video applications use the administrative bandwidth here when a channel rate estimate is needed.

A video policy is defined within the multicast information policy for a specific video interface IP address. The IP address for the video policy is the key value that associates it with a specific video interface IP address within a service associated with overall multicast information policy.

Refer to the 7x50 OS Triple Play Guide for CLI command descriptions and syntax usage information to configure multicast info policies.

The following output displays a policy example.

```
A:IPTV-SR7>config>mcast-mgmt># info
-----
multicast-info-policy "ies100" create
  bundle "5.6.140" create
    admin-bw 8000
    video
      video-group 1
      local-rt-server
      rt-buffer-size 3000
    exit
  channel "234.5.6.140" "234.5.6.140" create
  exit
exit
bundle "default" create
exit
bundle "5.6.241-5.6.243" create
  admin-bw 12000
  video
    video-group 1
    rt-buffer-size 4000
  exit
  channel "234.5.6.241" "234.5.6.243" create
  exit
exit
exit
-----
A:IPTV-SR7>config>router#
```

## Sample Configurations

The following output displays configurations of VQM with packet selection.

```
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>mcast-mgmt># info
-----
multicast-info-policy "vqm" create
  bundle "ixia" create
    channel "235.5.5.6" "235.5.5.7" create
      admin-bw 20000
      video
        video-group 4
        rt-buffer-size 1000
        analyzer
          alarms
            cc-error
            pat-repetition tnc 400 qos 600 poa 700
            pat-syntax
            pid-pmt-unref
            pmt-repetition tnc 2300 qos 2500 poa 2700
            pmt-syntax
            vid-pid-absent 5000
            non-vid-pid-absent 5000
            pcr-repetition tnc 400 qos 600 poa 700
            scte-35
            tei-set
            ts-sync-loss
          exit
        exit
      stream-selection source1 192.168.2.1 intf1 "ineo-ingress1"
source2 192.168.2.1 intf2 "ineo-ingress2"
  exit
  source-override "192.168.2.1" create
  exit
  exit
  bundle "default" create
  exit
  exit
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>service# info
-----
customer 1 create
  description "Default customer"
exit
ies 300 customer 1 vpn 300 create
  description "Default Ies description for service id 300"
  video-interface "video-300" create
    video-sap 4
    exit
    address 20.20.255.254/16
    channel 235.5.5.6 source 192.168.2.1 channel-name "Ineoquest-1"
      zone-channel 235.5.5.6 source 20.20.0.1 adi-channel-name "Ineoquest-1-1"
    exit
    adi
    exit
  no shutdown
```

## Sample Configurations

```
        exit
        service-name "XYZ Ies 300"
        no shutdown
    exit
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>service#
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>router# info
-----
#-----
echo "IP Configuration"
#-----
    interface "ineo-ingress1"
        address 10.200.16.1/24
        port 3/2/12
        ingress
            filter ip 100
        exit
    exit
    interface "ineo-ingress2"
        address 10.200.17.1/24
        port 5/1/1
        ingress
            filter ip 200
        exit
    exit
    interface "ixia-egress"
        address 10.200.15.1/24
        port 3/2/15
    exit
    interface "system"
        address 10.20.3.1/32
    exit
    ecmp 2
    multicast-info-policy "vqm"
    static-route 192.168.2.1/32 next-hop 10.200.16.2 mcast-ipv4
    static-route 192.168.2.1/32 next-hop 10.200.17.2 mcast-ipv4
#-----
echo "IGMP Configuration"
#-----
    igmp
        interface "video-300-D"
            static
                group 235.5.5.6
                source 192.168.2.1
            exit
        exit
    exit
    interface "video-300-D2"
        static
            group 235.5.5.6
            source 192.168.2.1
        exit
    exit
    interface "ixia-egress"
        static
            group 235.5.5.6
            source 20.20.0.1
```



```
        exit
      exit
    exit
  exit
#-----
echo "PIM Configuration"
#-----
  pim
    rpf-table rtable-m
    interface "video-300"
    exit
    interface "ineo-ingress1"
      multicast-senders always
    exit
    interface "ineo-ingress2"
      multicast-senders always
    exit
  rp
    static
    exit
    bsr-candidate
      shutdown
    exit
    rp-candidate
      shutdown
    exit
  exit
exit
#-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>router#
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>isa# info
#-----
  video-group 4 create
  analyzer
  stream-selection
  primary 3/1
  no shutdown
  exit
#-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>isa#
```

## Sample Configurations

The following output displays configurations of VQM without packet selection.

```
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>service# info
-----
customer 1 create
  description "Default customer"
exit
ies 300 customer 1 vpn 300 create
  description "Default Ies description for service id 300"
  interface "linux-ingress" create
    address 10.10.33.228/24
    sap 3/2/17 create
      description "sap-300-10.10.33.228"
    exit
  exit
  interface "linux-egress" create
    address 10.10.34.228/24
    sap 3/2/7 create
      description "sap-300-10.10.34.228"
    exit
  exit
  video-interface "video-300" create
    video-sap 2
    exit
    address 20.20.13.1/24
    channel 235.5.5.6 source 192.168.2.1 channel-name "A2-SP3"
    zone-channel 235.5.5.6 source 20.20.13.2 adi-channel-name "A2-SP3-1"
    exit
    adi
    exit
    no shutdown
  exit
  service-name "XYZ Ies 300"
  no shutdown
exit
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>service# /configure router
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>router# info
-----
#-----
echo "IP Configuration"
#-----
  interface "system"
    address 10.20.1.1/32
  exit
  multicast-info-policy "A-server"
#-----
echo "Static Route Configuration"
#-----
  static-route 128.251.33.0/24 next-hop 10.10.33.229
  static-route 192.168.2.0/24 next-hop 10.10.33.229
#-----
echo "IGMP Configuration"
#-----
  igmp
  interface "video-300-D"
  static
-----
```

```

        group 235.5.5.6
          source 192.168.2.1
        exit
      exit
    exit
  interface "linux-egress"
    static
      group 235.5.5.6
        source 20.20.13.2
      exit
    exit
  exit
exit
#-----
echo "PIM Configuration"
#-----
  pim
    interface "linux-ingress"
      hello-interval 0
      multicast-senders always
    exit
    interface "linux-egress"
      hello-interval 0
    exit
    apply-to all
    rp
      static
      exit
      bsr-candidate
        shutdown
      exit
      rp-candidate
        shutdown
      exit
    exit
  exit
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>router# /configure isa
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>isa# info
-----
  video-group 2 create
  analyzer
  primary 2/1
  no shutdown
  exit
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>isa# /configure mcast-management
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>mcast-mgmt># info
-----
  multicast-info-policy "A-server" create
  bundle "LiveTv" create
  channel "234.5.6.243" "234.5.6.243" create
  admin-bw 3000
  video
    video-group 2
    rt-buffer-size 1000
  exit
  exit
  channel "235.5.5.6" "235.5.5.6" create

```

## Sample Configurations

```
admin-bw 5000
video
  video-group 2
  rt-buffer-size 1000
  analyzer
    alarms
      cc-error
      pat-repetition tnc 200 qos 400 poa 600
      pat-syntax
      pid-pmt-unref
      pmt-repetition
      pmt-syntax
      vid-pid-absent 1000
      non-vid-pid-absent 1000
      pcr-repetition tnc 200 qos 400 poa 600
      scte-35
      tei-set
      ts-sync-loss
      report-alarm severity tnc
    exit
  exit
exit
source-override "128.251.33.37" create
exit
exit
bundle "default" create
exit
bundle "mp2ts-ads" create
  channel "234.4.5.1" "234.4.5.254" create
  admin-bw 5000
  video
    video-group 2
    rt-buffer-size 1000
  exit
exit
exit
exit
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>mcast-mgmt>#
```

## Configuring RET/FCC Video Components with CLI

This section provides information to configure RET/FCC using the command line interface.

Topics in this section include:

- [Configuring RET/FCC Video Features in the CLI on page 656](#)
  - [Configuring the RET Client on page 656](#)
  - [Configuring the RET Server on page 660](#)
  - [Configuring the FCC Server on page 664](#)

## Configuring RET/FCC Video Features in the CLI

The following sections provide configuration examples for the RET client, RET server and FCC server.

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### Configuring the RET Client

This section provides an example configuration for the RET client. The configuration example has the following assumptions:

- A single ISA-MS in slot 2/1 in video group 1
- A single channel 234.0.0.1 within multicast bundle “b1” with an administrative bandwidth of 2700 Kbps defined in **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- The upstream RET server for the channel is 4.4.4.4 on UDP port 4096
- A single video interface named “v1” in the service with IP address 3.3.3.3/24
- A RET client address of 3.3.3.4 for a VPLS and 3.3.3.3 for IES and VPRN case.

The first step in the configuration is to configure video group 1 and the ISA-MS hardware.

**CLI Syntax:** config>isa  
video-group *video-group-id* [create]  
primary *mda-id*  
no shutdown

```
*A:ALA-48config>isa# info
-----
video-group 1 create
  primary 2/1
  no shutdown
exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>isa#
```

**CLI Syntax:** config# card *slot-number*  
mda *mda-slot*  
mda-type *mda-type*

```
*A:ALA-48config>card>mda# info
-----
mda-type isa-ms
-----
*A:ALA-48config>card>mda#
```

The channel parameters for 234.0.0.1 are configured in **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*. The channel configuration includes the administrative bandwidth, the channel's association with video group 1 and the upstream RET server configuration for the channel (4.4.4.4 UDP port 4096). The following output displays the configuration. Refer to the CLI tree for a complete list of CLI commands.

```
*A:ALA-48config>mcast-mgmt>mcast-info-plcy# info
-----
bundle "b1" create
  admin-bw 2700
  video
    video-group 1
    rt-server 4.4.4.4 port 4096
  exit
  channel "234.0.0.1" "234.0.0.1" create
  exit
exit
bundle "default" create
exit
video-policy
  video-interface 3.3.3.3 create
  exit
exit
-----
*A:ALA-48configmcast-mgmtmcast-info-plcy#
```

Note that the channel parameters are actually defined for the channel bundle “b1” and the channel inherits those values based on the multicast information policy inheritance rules.

## Configuring RET/FCC Video Features in the CLI

For the RET client in a VPLS, the following commands within the service instance perform the following tasks to complete the RET client configuration:

- Associate the VPLS with **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- Create the video interface “vi”.
- Create video SAP and associate it with video group 1.
- Assigns a RET client address and gateway.
- Create a static IGMP join on SAP 3/2/13:21 for the channel 234.0.0.1.

Note that SAP 3/2/13:21 is a dummy SAP with the only purpose of attracting multicast traffic to the node to enable the caching. No subscribers are connected to it.

```
*A:ALA-48config>service>vpls# info
-----
    igmp-snooping
        no shutdown
    exit
    video-interface "vi" create
        video-sap 1
        exit
        address 3.3.3.3/24
        gateway-ip 3.3.3.253
        rt-client-src-address 3.3.3.4
        no shutdown
    exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>service>vpls#

*A:ALA-48config>router# info
-----
...
    multicast-info-policy multicastinfopolicyname
    sap 3/2/13:21 create
        igmp-snooping
        static
            group 234.0.0.1
            starg
        exit
    exit
    exit
    exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>router#
```

Note that the RET client address is 3.3.3.4 which must be within the IP subnet assigned to the video interface (3.3.3.3/24).



For the RET client in an IES or VPRN, the following commands within the service instance perform these tasks to complete the RET client configuration:

- Associate the service with **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- Create the video interface “vi” and assign IP address 3.3.3.3.
- Create video SAP and associate it with video group 1.
- Creates a static IGMP join on the video interface for the channel 234.0.0.1. (7750 only)

```
*A:ALA-48config>service>ies# info
-----
      video-interface "vi" create
          video-sap 1
          exit
          address 3.3.3.3/32
          no shutdown
      exit
...
-----
*A:ALA-48config>service>ies#

*A:ALA-48config>router# info
-----
...
multicast-info-policy multicastinfopolicyname
pim (7750 only)
  interface "vi"
  exit
exit
igmp (7750 only)
  interface "vi"
  static
    group 234.0.0.1
    starg
  exit
  exit
exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>router#
```

The RET client address is 3.3.3.3 which is the address assigned to the video interface in the video policy portion of the multicast information policy.

## Configuring the RET Server

This section provides an example configuration for the RET server. The configuration example has the following assumptions:

- A single ISA-MS in slot 2/1 in video group 1
- A single channel 234.0.0.1 within multicast bundle “b1” with an administrative bandwidth of 2700 Kbps defined in **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- A retransmission buffer for the channel set to 300 milliseconds.
- The RET rate is 5% of nominal.
- Local RET server address is 3.3.3.3 with destination port is UDP 4096.

The first step in the configuration is to configure video group 1 enabling the RET server and the ISA-MS hardware.

```
CLI Syntax: config>isa
                video-group video-group-id [create]
                local-rt-server
                no shutdown
```

```
*A:ALA-48config>isa# info
-----
video-group 1 create
local-rt-server
primary 2/1
no shutdown
exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>isa#
```

```
*A:ALA-48config>card 2>mda 1# info
-----
mda-type isa-ms
-----
*A:ALA-48config>card>mda#
```

Note the **local-rt-server** command in the above output enables the local RET server on the video group.

The channel parameters for 234.0.0.1 are configured in **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*. The channel configuration includes the administrative bandwidth and the channel's association with video group 1.

```
*A:ALA-48config>mcast-mgmt>mcast-info-plcy# info
-----
bundle "default" create
  local-rt-port 4096
exit
bundle "b1" create
  admin-bw 2700
  video
    video-group 1
    local-rt-server
    rt-buffer-size 300
  exit
channel "234.0.0.1" "234.0.0.1" create
exit
exit
video-policy
  video-interface 3.3.3.3 create
    rt-rate 5
    hd
      local-rt-server
    exit
    sd
      local-rt-server
    exit
    pip
      local-rt-server
    exit
  exit
exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>mcast-mgmt>mcast-info-plcy#
```

Note the **local-rt-port** command in the bundle “default” defines the destination UDP port used to reach the local RET server on the service where the multicast information policy is applied. The RET server port can only be defined in the bundle “default” and applies for all bundles in the policy. If no value is specified, the default is used.

In the bundle “b1” the **local-rt-server** command enables the RET server for all channels in the bundle, and the **rt-buffer-size** *rt-buffer-size* command sets the retransmission buffer for all channels in the bundle to 300 milliseconds.

In the video policy above, the **local-rt-server** commands for the video interface 3.3.3.3 enables the RET server on that interface for all channel types “hd” (High Definition), “sd” (Standard Definition) and “pip” (Picture-in-Picture). The **rt-rate** *rt-burst-percentage* command in the policy indicates that the retransmission rate will be 5% of the nominal rate for all channel types; individual rates can be defined if desired.

## Configuring RET/FCC Video Features in the CLI

For the RET server in a VPLS, these commands within the service instance perform the following tasks to complete the RET server configuration:

- Associate the VPLS with **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- Create the video interface “vi”.
- Create video SAP and associate it with video group 1.
- Assigns an IP address 3.3.3.3 to the video interface.
- Create a static IGMP join on SAP 3/2/13:21 for the channel 234.0.0.1.

Note that SAP 3/2/13:21 is a dummy SAP with the only purpose of attracting multicast traffic to the node to enable the caching. No subscribers are connected to it.

```
*A:ALA-48config>service>vpls# info
-----
  igmp-snooping
    no shutdown
  exit
  video-interface "vi" create
    video-sap 1
    exit
    address 3.3.3.3/32
    no shutdown
  exit
  multicast-info-policy multicastinfopolicyname
  sap 3/2/13:21 create
    igmp-snooping
      static
        group 234.0.0.1
        starg
      exit
    exit
  exit
  exit
  exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>service>vpls#
```

The services available on the video interface address 3.3.3.3 are defined in the video policy in which the RET server was enabled.

For the RET server in an IES or VPRN, these commands within the service instance perform the following tasks to complete the RET server configuration:

- Associate the service with **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- Create the video interface “vi” and assign IP address 3.3.3.3.
- Create video SAP and associate it with video group 1.
- Creates a static IGMP join on video-interface “vi” for the channel 234.0.0.1.

```
*A:ALA-48config>service>ies# info
-----
        video-interface "vi" create
            video-sap 1
            exit
            address 3.3.3.3/32
            no shutdown
        exit
    multicast-info-policy multicastinfopolicyname
    pim
        interface "vi"
        exit
    exit
    igmp
        interface "vi"
            static
                group 234.0.0.1
                starg
            exit
        exit
    exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>service>ies#
```

The services available on the video interface address 3.3.3.3 are defined in the video policy in which the RET server was enabled.

## Configuring the FCC Server

This section provides an example configuration for the FCC server. The configuration example has the following assumptions:

- A single ISA-MS in slot 2/1 in video group 1.
- A single channel 234.0.0.1 within multicast bundle “b1” with an administrative bandwidth of 8000 Kbps defined in **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- The FCC mode is burst with a rate 130% of nominal for HD, 200% for SD, and disabled for PIP.
- Local FCC server address is 3.3.3.3 with destination port is UDP 4098.

**CLI Syntax:** `config>isa  
video-group video-group-id [create]  
fcc-server  
no shutdown`

The first step in the configuration is to configure video group 1 enabling the RET server and the ISA-MS hardware.

```
*A:ALA-48config>isa# info
-----
video-group 1 create
  fcc-server
  primary 2/1
  no shutdown
exit
-----
*A:ALA-48config>isa#

*A:ALA-48config>card>mda# info
-----
mda-type isa-ms
-----
*A:ALA-48config>card>mda#
```

Note the **fcc-server** command in the above output enables the FCC server on the video group.

The channel parameters for 234.0.0.1 are configured in **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*. The channel configuration includes the administrative bandwidth and the channel's association with video group 1.

```
*A:ALA-48configmcast-mgmtmcast-info-plcy# info
-----
bundle "default" create
  local-fcc-port 4098
exit
bundle "b1" create
  admin-bw 8000
  video
    video-group 1
    fcc-server
    fcc-channel-type hd
  exit
channel "234.0.0.1" "234.0.0.1" create
exit
exit
video-policy
  video-interface 3.3.3.3 create
    rt-rate 5
    hd
      fcc-server mode burst
      fcc-burst 30
    exit
    sd
      fcc-server mode burst
      fcc-burst 100
    exit
    pip
      no fcc-server
    exit
  exit
exit
-----
*A:ALA-48configmcast-mgmtmcast-info-plcy#
```

Note the **local-fcc-port** command in the bundle “default” defines the destination UDP port used to reach the FCC server on the service where the multicast information policy is applied. The FCC server port can only be defined in the bundle “default” and applies for all bundles in the policy. If no value is specified, the default is used.

In the bundle “b1”, the **fcc-server** command enables the FCC server for all channels in the bundle, and the **fcc-channel-type hd** command sets the channel type for all channels in the bundle to “hd” (High Definition).

In the video policy context above, the **fcc-server** commands for the video interface 3.3.3.3 enables the FCC server on that interface for all channel types “hd” (High Definition), “sd” (Standard Definition) whereas the **no fcc-server** command disables the FCC for “pip” (Picture-in-Picture) channels on the video interface. The **fcc-burst** command in the policy indicates that the burst rate over the nominal rate for the channel type; HD at 130% (30% over nominal) and SD at 200% (100% over nominal).

## Configuring RET/FCC Video Features in the CLI

For the FCC server in a VPLS, the following commands within the service instance perform the following tasks to complete the FCC server configuration:

- Associate the VPLS with **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- Create the video interface “vi”.
- Create video SAP and associate it with video group 1.
- Assigns an IP address 3.3.3.3 to the video interface.
- Create a static IGMP join on SAP 3/2/13:21 for the channel 234.0.0.1.

Note that SAP 3/2/13:21 is a dummy SAP with the only purpose of attracting multicast traffic to the node to enable the caching. No subscribers are connected to it.

```
*A:ALA-48configservicevpls# info
-----
    igmp-snooping
      no shutdown
    exit
  video-interface "vi" create
    video-sap 1
    exit
    address 3.3.3.3/32
    no shutdown
  exit
  multicast-info-policy multicastinfopolicyname
  sap 3/2/13:21 create
    igmp-snooping
      static
        group 234.0.0.1
        starg
      exit
    exit
  exit
  exit
  exit
-----
*A:ALA-48configservicevpls#
```

The services available on the video interface address 3.3.3.3 are defined in the video policy in which the FCC server was enabled.



For the FCC server in an IES or VPRN, the following commands within the service instance perform the following tasks to complete the FCC server configuration:

- Associate the service with **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- Create the video interface “vi” and assign IP address 3.3.3.3.
- Create video SAP and associate it with video group 1.
- Creates a static IGMP join on video-interface “vi” for the channel 234.0.0.1.

```
*A:ALA-49configserviceies# info
-----
        video-interface "vi" create
            video-sap 1
            exit
            address 4.4.4.4/32
            no shutdown
        exit
-----
*A:ALA-49configserviceies#

*A:ALA-48configrouter# info
-----
...
    multicast-info-policy multicastinfopolicyname
    pim
        interface "vi"
            exit
    exit
    igmp
        interface "vi"
            static
                group 234.0.0.1
                starg
            exit
        exit
    exit
-----
*A:ALA-48configrouter#
```

The services available on the video interface address 3.3.3.3 are defined in the video policy in which the FCC server was enabled.

## Logging and Accounting Collection for Video Statistics

The following output displays a configuration example used in logging and accounting for video.

```
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>log# info
-----
file-id 1
  location cf3:
exit
accounting-policy 1
  shutdown
  record video
  collection-interval 5
  to file 1
exit
...
-----
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>log#
```

Use the following CLI to enable logging and accounting to a service to collect stats for that particular service.

Example:

```
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>service>ies# video-interface "vi" accounting-policy 1
*A:SR-7/Dut-C>config>service>ies# info
  video-interface "vi" create
    accounting-policy "1"
exit
```

Start ing stats collection can be enabled by executing a **no shutdown** command on the accounting policy. This starts the recording of stats and the stats will be written in an act-collect directory and a **shutdown** command on the accounting policy will move the recorded file to act directory.

## Configuring ADI Components with CLI

This section provides information to configure ADI using the command line interface.

Topics in this section include:

- [Configuring the RET Client on page 670](#)
- [Configuring a Video Group on page 671](#)
- [Configuring NTP on page 672](#)
- [Configuring Channel Parameters on page 672](#)
- [Configuring Service Entities on page 673](#)

## Configuring ADI in CLI

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### Configuring the RET Client

This section provides an example configuration for the ADI splicer. The configuration example makes the following assumptions:

- A single ISA-MS is configured in slot 2/1 in video group 1.
- The NTP server for the router is 192.168.15.221.
- A single channel main 234.5.6.140 within multicast bundle “b1” is defined in the **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname* context.
- IES service 100 is a Layer 3 service in which ADI will be performed.
- The video interface in IES 100 is 100.100.0.254/8
- The ad server address is 10.200.14.2
- The splicer’s local addresses used to communicate with the ad server are 100.1.1.2 for control traffic and 100.1.1.3 for data traffic.
- For the SCTE 30 communication in the example, the main channel is named 228 with (S,G) = (195.168.9.10,234.4.5.228) and the zone channel is named 228-1 with (S,G) = (100.100.100.1,234.4.5.228).
- Must have an IGMP static entry for the network channel (S,G) on the video-interface to attract the network traffic to the video interface.
- Must have the video-interface enabled in PIM.

## Configuring a Video Group

The first step in the configuration is to configure a video group (*video-group-id* = 1) and enabling ad insertion and the ISA-MS hardware. Note the **ad-insert** command enables the ADI splicer on the video group.

```
A:ALA-49>config>isa# info
-----
...
    video-group 1 create
        description "Video Group 1"
        ad-insert
        primary 7/2
        no shutdown
    exit
...
-----
A:ALA-49>config>isa#
```

The following output shows the card and MDA configuration.

```
A:ALA-49>config>card# info
-----
    card-type iom2-20g
    mda 1
        shutdown
        mda-type isa-ms
    exit
    mda 2
        mda-type isa-ms
    exit
-----
A:ALA-49>config>card#
```

### Configuring NTP

NTP is required on the splicer to ensure that time is synchronized between it and the ad server.

```
A:ALA-49>config>system>time# info
-----
      ntp
        no authentication-check
        ntp-server
        server 192.168.15.221
        no shutdown
      exit
...
-----
A:ALA-49>config>system>time#
```

---

### Configuring Channel Parameters

The channel parameters for 234.4.5.228 are configured in the **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname* context. For ADI, the channel configuration required is the channel's association with video group 1.

```
*A:ALA-49>config>mcast-mgmt# info
-----
...
      multicast-info-policy "multicastinfopolicyname" create
        bundle "b1" create
          video
            video-group 1
          exit
          channel "234.4.5.228" "234.4.5.228" create
          exit
        exit
        bundle "default" create
        exit
      exit
...
-----
*A:ALA-49>config>mcast-mgmt#
```

## Configuring Service Entities

In addition to the commands needed to configure a service, the following commands within the service instance are used to perform the following ADI configuration steps. This example uses an IES service context.

- Associate IES 100 with **multicast-info-policy** *multicastinfopolicyname*.
- Create the video interface video-100.
- Create a video SAP and associate it with video group 1.
- Assigns an IP address 100.100.0.254 to the video interface and subnet 100.0.0.0/8.
- Name the main channel (S,G) = (195.168.9.10,234.4.5.228) "228" and the zone channel (S,G) = (100.100.100.1,234.4.5.228) "228-1".
- Configure the ad server (address = 10.200.14.2) and create IP addresses within the video interface subnet for SCTE 30 control traffic (100.1.1.2) and data traffic (100.1.1.3).
- The control and data addresses must be in the video interface subnet.

```
*A:ALA-49>config>service>ies# info
-----
...
    video-interface "video-100" create
        video-sap 1
        exit
        address 100.100.0.254/8
        adi
            channel 234.4.5.228 source 195.168.9.10 channel-name "228"
                scte35-action drop
                zone-channel 234.4.5.228 source 100.100.100.1 adi-channel-name "228-
1"
            exit
            scte30
                ad-server 10.200.14.2
                local-address control 100.1.1.2 data 100.1.1.3
            exit
        exit
        no shutdown
    exit
    no shutdown
-----
*A:ALA-49>config>service>ies#
```

Note that the source address (100.100.100.1) for the zone channel (S,G) and the local addresses (100.1.1.2 and 100.1.1.3) used for SCTE 30 communication must all be within the video interface subnet (100.0.0.0/8).

Connections are accepted from multiple ad-servers. This can be used for ad server redundancy.

## Configuring ADI in CLI

If the main channel were a (\*,G), the source address of 0.0.0.0 would have been specified.

Additional zone channels with distinct names could be configured within the service instance. In a practical configuration, the G for the main channel (234.4.5.228) will be the same for G in the zone channel (S,G) because the STBs will join the (\*,G) at the A-server and D-server.

Configuring ADI for a VPRN service instance uses the same commands within the VPRN service context.